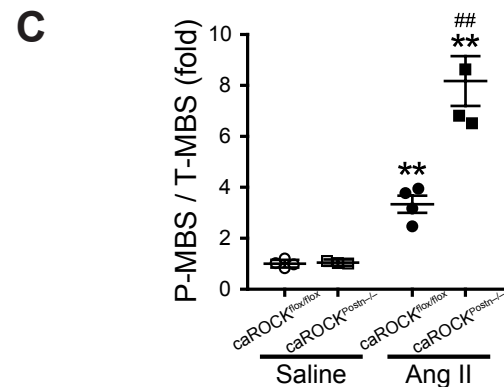
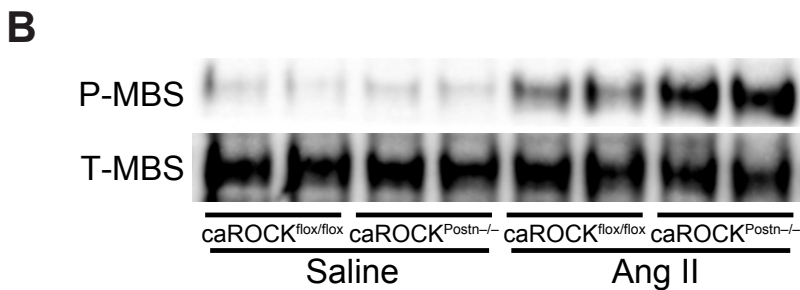
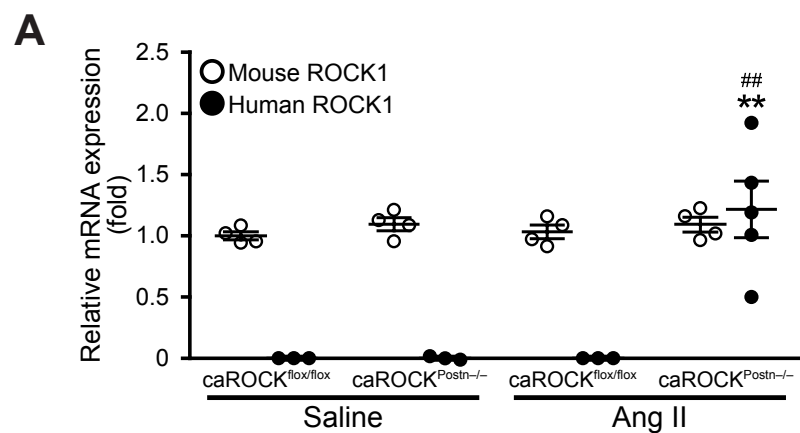
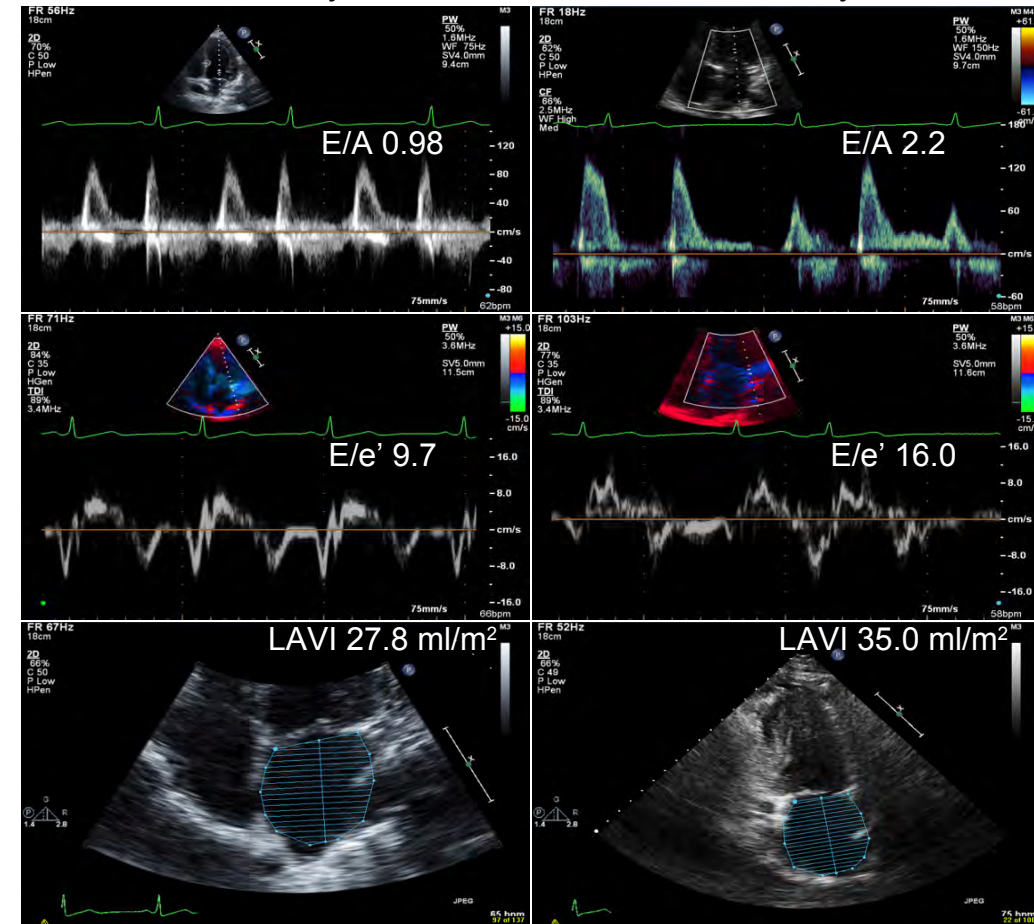
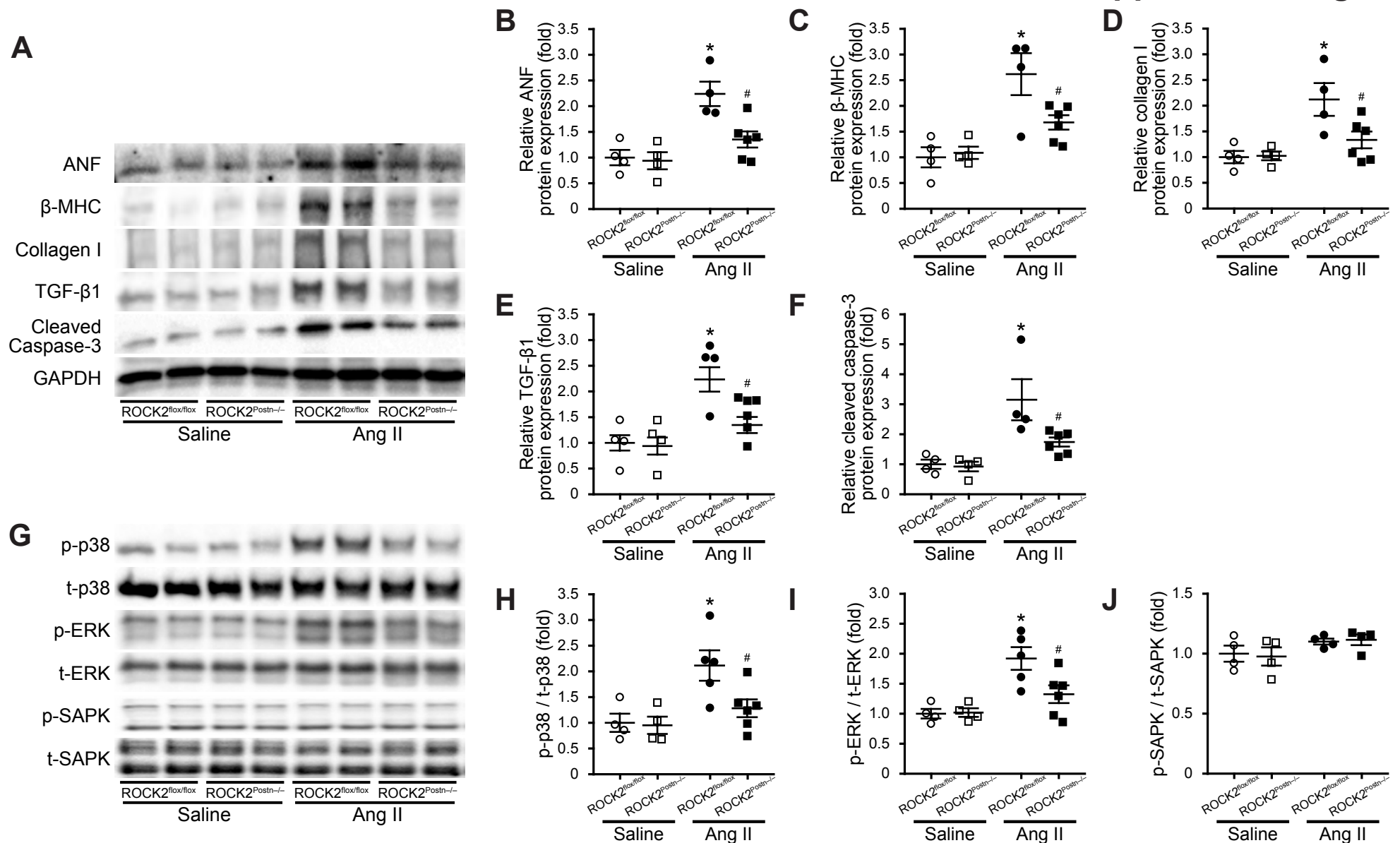


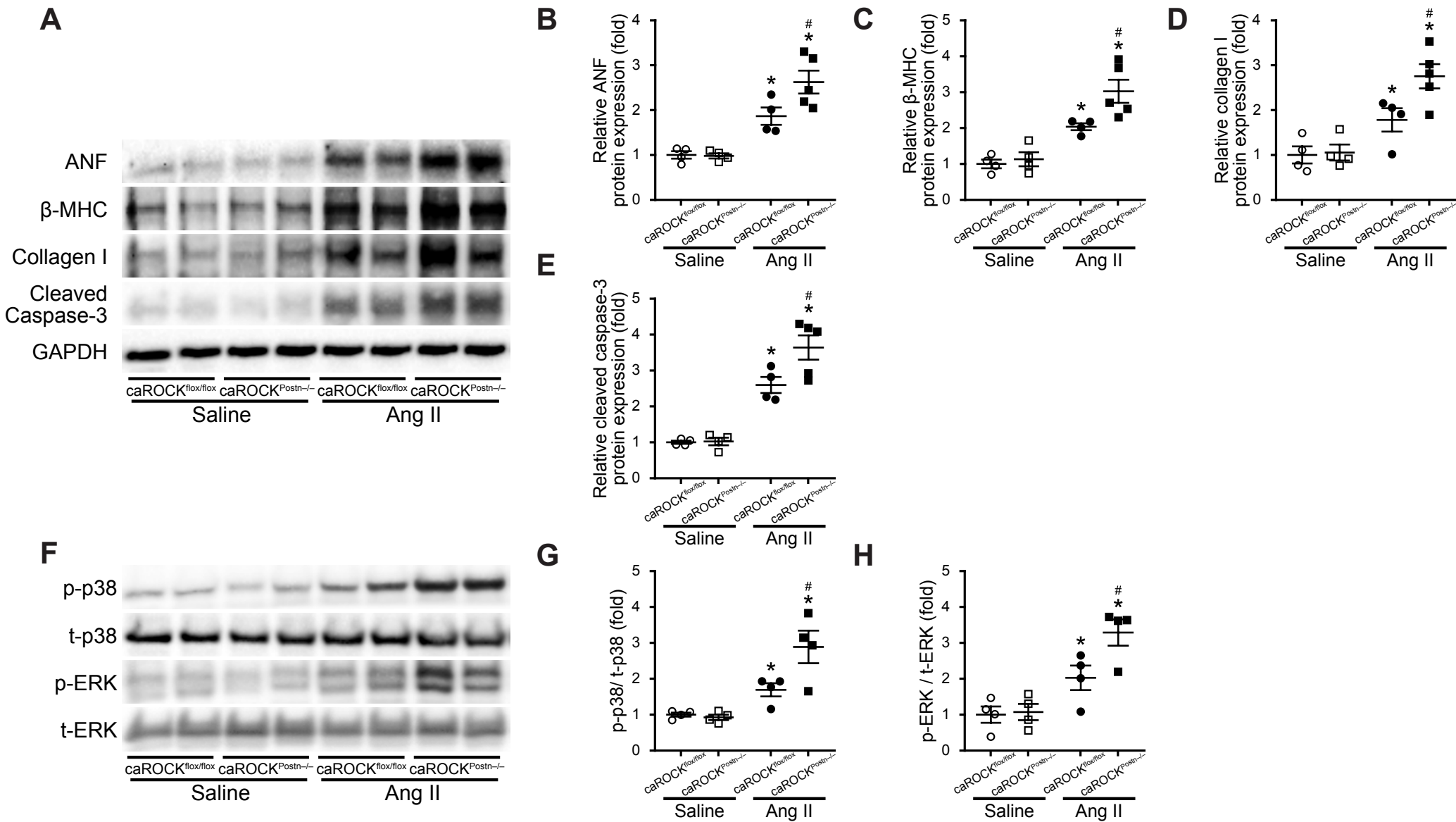
Supplemental Figure 1. Body weight and hemodynamic changes in each genotype of mice after saline or angiotensin II (Ang II) infusion. (A–D) Body weight gain over time and during infusion of saline or Ang II infusion for 4wk in fibroblast-specific ROCK2-deficient (ROCK2^{Postn-/-}) and littermate control (ROCK2^{flox/flox}) mice, and fibroblast-specific constitutively active knock-in ROCK (caROCK^{Postn-/-}) and littermate control (caROCK^{flox/flox}) mice ($n=10$ each). **(E–J)** Systolic and diastolic blood pressure and heart rate among the four genotypes at 4wk after saline or Ang II infusion ($n=6-10$ each). * $P<0.05$, ** $P<0.01$ vs. saline-treated each genotype. Data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. P values were calculated using unpaired Student' s t -test or one-way ANOVA with Tukey' s HSD test.

**D**Grade 1 diastolic dysfunction
ROCK activity 0.40Grade 3 diastolic dysfunction
ROCK activity 2.31

Supplemental Figure 2. Increased ROCK activity in cardiac fibroblasts (CFs) from fibroblast-specific constitutively active ROCK knock-in (caROCK^{Postn-/-}) mice after angiotensin II (Ang II) infusion. (A) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of mouse ROCK1 and human ROCK1 mRNA expression in CFs isolated from caROCK^{Postn-/-} and littermate control (caROCK^{flox/flox}) mice at 4wk after saline or Ang II infusion ($n=3-4$ each). $**P<0.01$ vs. human ROCK1 expression in CFs from saline-treated caROCK^{Postn-/-} mice. $##P<0.01$ vs. human ROCK1 expression in CFs from Ang II-treated caROCK^{flox/flox} mice. **(B)** Representative immunoblots of ROCK activity, as assessed by the ratio of phosphorylated form of the myosin-binding subunit (MBS) to total MBS (p-MBS/t-MBS), in CFs from caROCK^{Postn-/-} and caROCK^{flox/flox} mice at 4wk after saline or Ang II infusion. **(C)** Quantitative analysis of ROCK activity in CFs from caROCK^{Postn-/-} and caROCK^{flox/flox} mice ($n=3-4$ each). $**P<0.01$ vs. saline-treated each genotype. $##P<0.01$ vs. Ang II-treated caROCK^{flox/flox} mice. Data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. P values were calculated using one-way ANOVA with Tukey' s HSD test. **(D)** Representative echocardiographic images of transmitral velocity (E/A) ratio, mitral E/e' ratio, and left atrial volume index (LAVI) from patients with grade 1 diastolic dysfunction and those with grade 3 diastolic dysfunction and higher leukocyte ROCK activity.

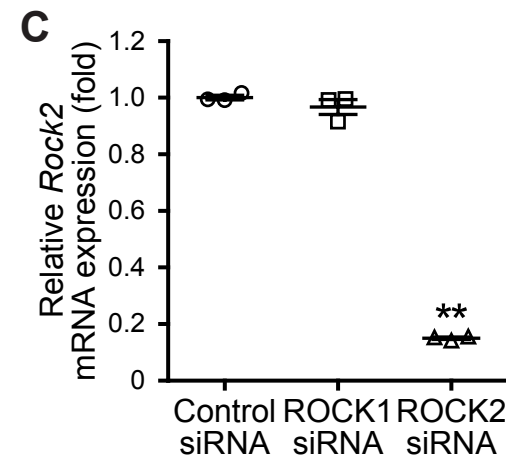
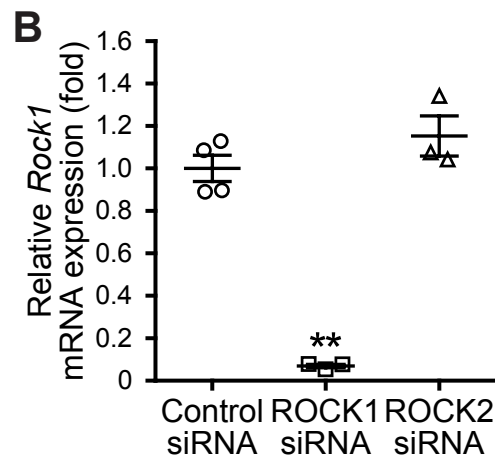
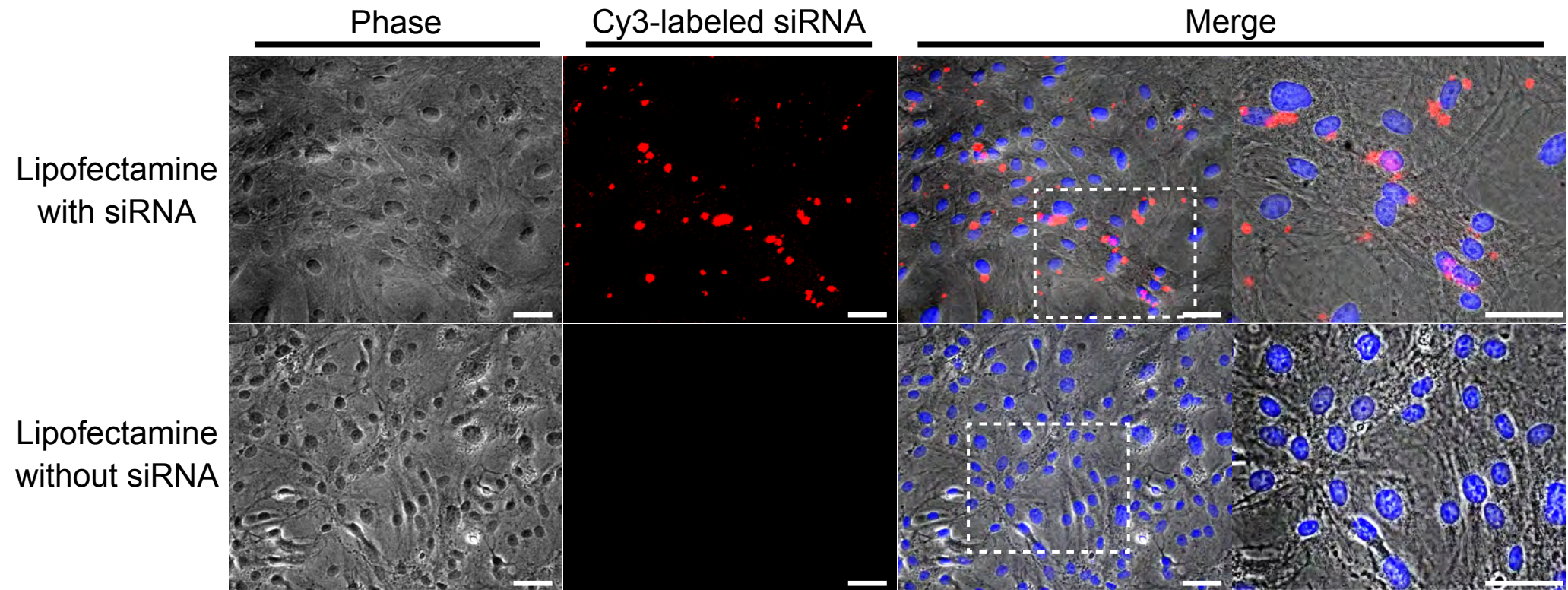


Supplemental Figure 3. Down-regulation of signaling pathways involved in cardiac remodeling and apoptosis in hearts from fibroblast-specific ROCK2-deficient (ROCK2^{Postn^{-/-}}) mice treated with angiotensin II (Ang II). (A–F) Representative immunoblots and densitometric quantification of hypertrophic markers of atrial natriuretic factor (ANF) and beta-myosin heavy chain (β-MHC), a fibrotic marker of collagen type I, TGF-β1, and an apoptosis marker of cleaved caspase-3 in heart tissues from ROCK2^{Postn^{-/-}} and littermate control (ROCK2^{flox/flox}) mice at 4 wk after saline or Ang II infusion. (*n*=4-6 each). **(G–J)** Representative immunoblots of mitogen-activated protein kinases (p38 MAPK, ERK, and SAPK) and densitometric quantification of phosphorylated p38 MAPK, ERK, and SAPK, normalized to respective total protein, in heart tissues from ROCK2^{Postn^{-/-}} and ROCK2^{flox/flox} mice treated with saline or Ang II (*n*=4-6 each). **P*<0.05 vs. saline-treated ROCK2^{flox/flox} mice. #*P*<0.05 vs. Ang II-treated ROCK2^{flox/flox} mice. Data are expressed as mean±SEM. *P* values were calculated using one-way ANOVA with Tukey's HSD test.



Supplemental Figure 4. Up-regulation of signaling pathways involved in cardiac remodeling and apoptosis in hearts from fibroblast-specific constitutively active knock-in ROCK (caROCK^{Postn-/-}) mice treated with angiotensin II (Ang II). (A–E) Representative immunoblots and densitometric quantification of hypertrophic markers of atrial natriuretic factor (ANF) and beta-myosin heavy chain (β-MHC) and, a fibrotic marker of collagen type I, and an apoptosis marker of cleaved caspase-3 in heart tissues from caROCK^{Postn-/-} and littermate control (caROCK^{flox/flox}) mice at 4 wk after saline or Ang II infusion ($n=4-5$ each). (F–H) Representative immunoblots and densitometric quantification of mitogen-activated protein kinases (p38 MAPK and ERK), normalized to respective total protein, in heart tissues from caROCK^{Postn-/-} and caROCK^{flox/flox} mice treated with saline or Ang II ($n=4$ each). * $P<0.05$ vs. saline-treated each genotype. # $P<0.05$ vs. Ang II-treated caROCK^{flox/flox} mice. Data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. P values were calculated using one-way ANOVA with Tukey's HSD test.

A



Supplemental Figure 5. Effective siRNA knockdown of ROCK1 and ROCK2 expression in rat neonatal cardiac fibroblasts (RNCFs). (A) Representative phase and fluorescence images of RNCFs transfected with or without Cy3-labeled (red) control siRNA using Lipofectamine RNAiMax Reagent ($n=3$ each). Nuclei are stained with DAPI (blue). Scale bars, 50 μm . (B and C) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of *Rock1* and *Rock2* mRNA expression in RNCFs transfected with ROCK1 siRNA or ROCK2 siRNA ($n=3-4$ each). ** $P<0.01$ vs. RNCFs transfected with control siRNA. Data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. P values were calculated using one-way ANOVA with Tukey' s HSD test.