

CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial*

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
Title and abstract			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	1
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	3-4
Introduction			
Background and	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	5
objectives	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	6
Methods			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	15-16;
			see also
			LeWitt et al.
			Lancet Neurol
			2011 (ref. 4)
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	N/A
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	15, 17-18
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	15, 16
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were	
		actually administered	15
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they	
		were assessed	16
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	N/A
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	See ref. 4
			cited on p. 15
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	N/A
Randomisation:			
Sequence	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	See ref. 4
generation			cited on p. 15
	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	See ref. 4
			cited on p. 15

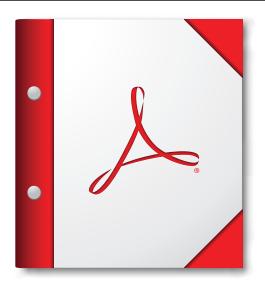
CONSORT 2010 checklist

Allocation	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers),	
concealment		describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	See ref. 4
mechanism			cited on p. 15
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to	See ref. 4
		interventions	cited on p. 15
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those	See ref. 4
		assessing outcomes) and how	cited on p. 15
	11b	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	See ref. 4
			cited on p. 15
Statistical methods	12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	18-19
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	18-19
		Results	
Participant flow (a	13a	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and	15; see also
diagram is strongly		were analysed for the primary outcome	ref. 4
recommended)	13b	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	15; see also
			ref. 4
Recruitment	14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	See ref. 4
			cited on p. 15
	14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	N/A
Baseline data	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	See ref. 4
			cited on p. 15
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was	15; see also
		by original assigned groups	ref. 4
Outcomes and	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its	
estimation		precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	7-9
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	N/A
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing	
		pre-specified from exploratory	8-9
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	N/A
		Discussion	
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	10, 13
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	13
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	10-13
CONSORT 2010 checklist			Page 2

Other information Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	4
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	See ref. 4
			cited on p. 15
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	2, 4

^{*}We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see www.consort-statement.org.

CONSORT 2010 checklist Page 3



For the best experience, open this PDF portfolio in Acrobat X or Adobe Reader X, or later.

Get Adobe Reader Now!