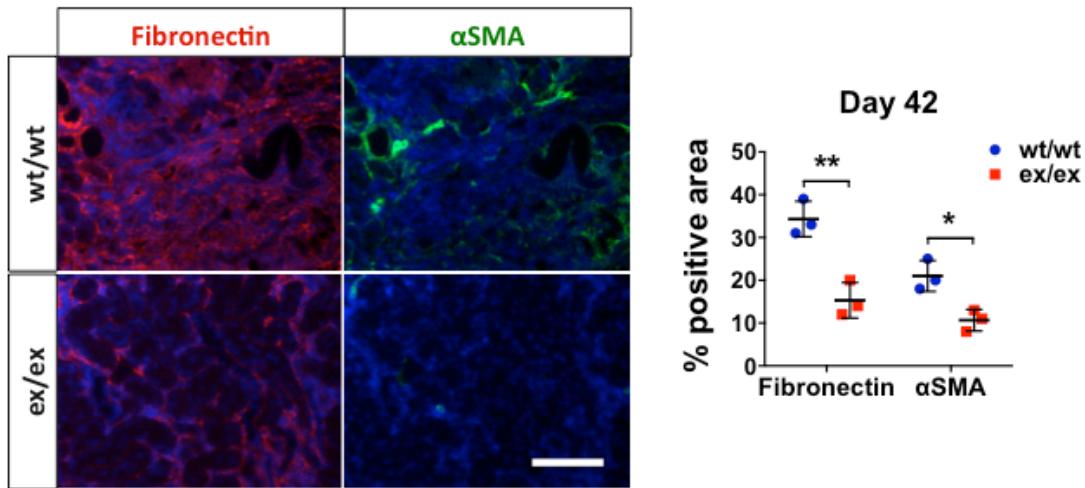
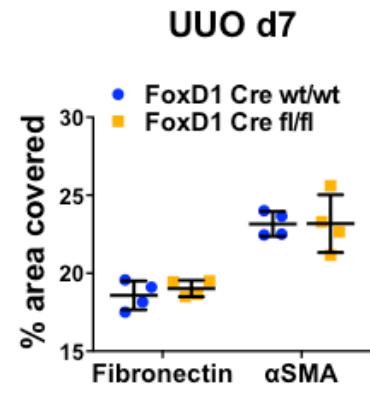
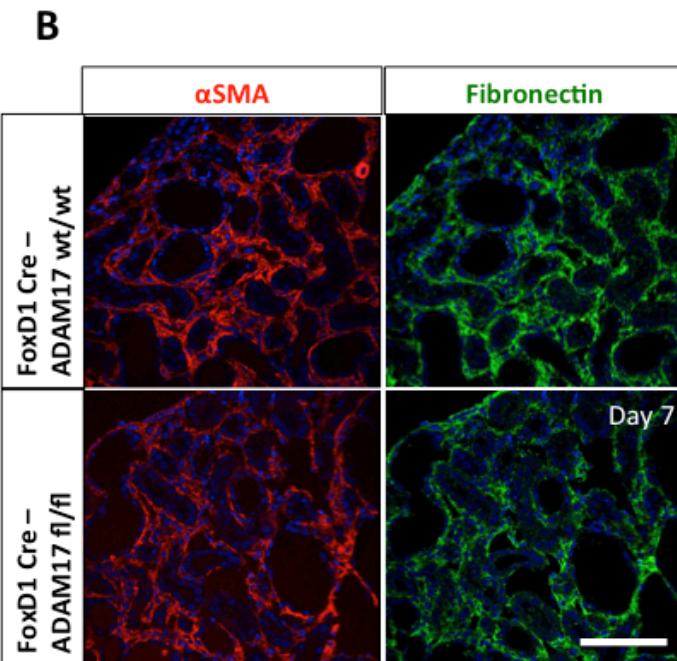
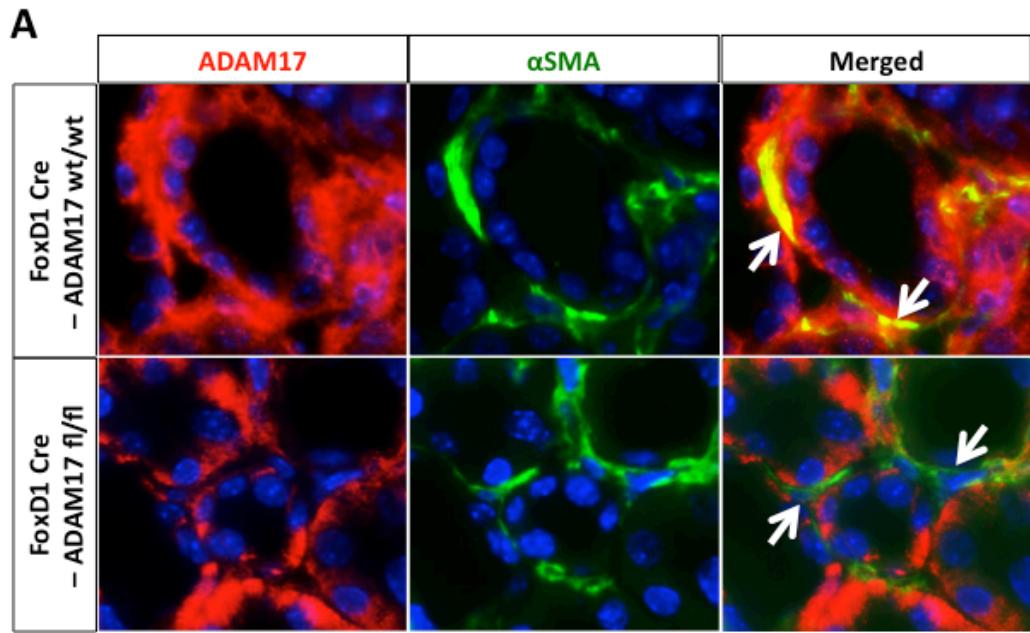


Supplementary Materials:



Supplemental Figure 1: Profibrotic markers in wt/wt or ex/ex mouse kidneys 42 days post IRI. The levels of fibronectin and α SMA were examined by immunostaining in ADAM17 wt/wt or ADAM17 ex/ex mouse kidneys 42 days post ischemia (left: representative images, right: quantification, n=4, scale bar: 100 μ m). *: P<0.05; **: P<0.01 as determined by an unpaired 2-tailed Student's *t* test.

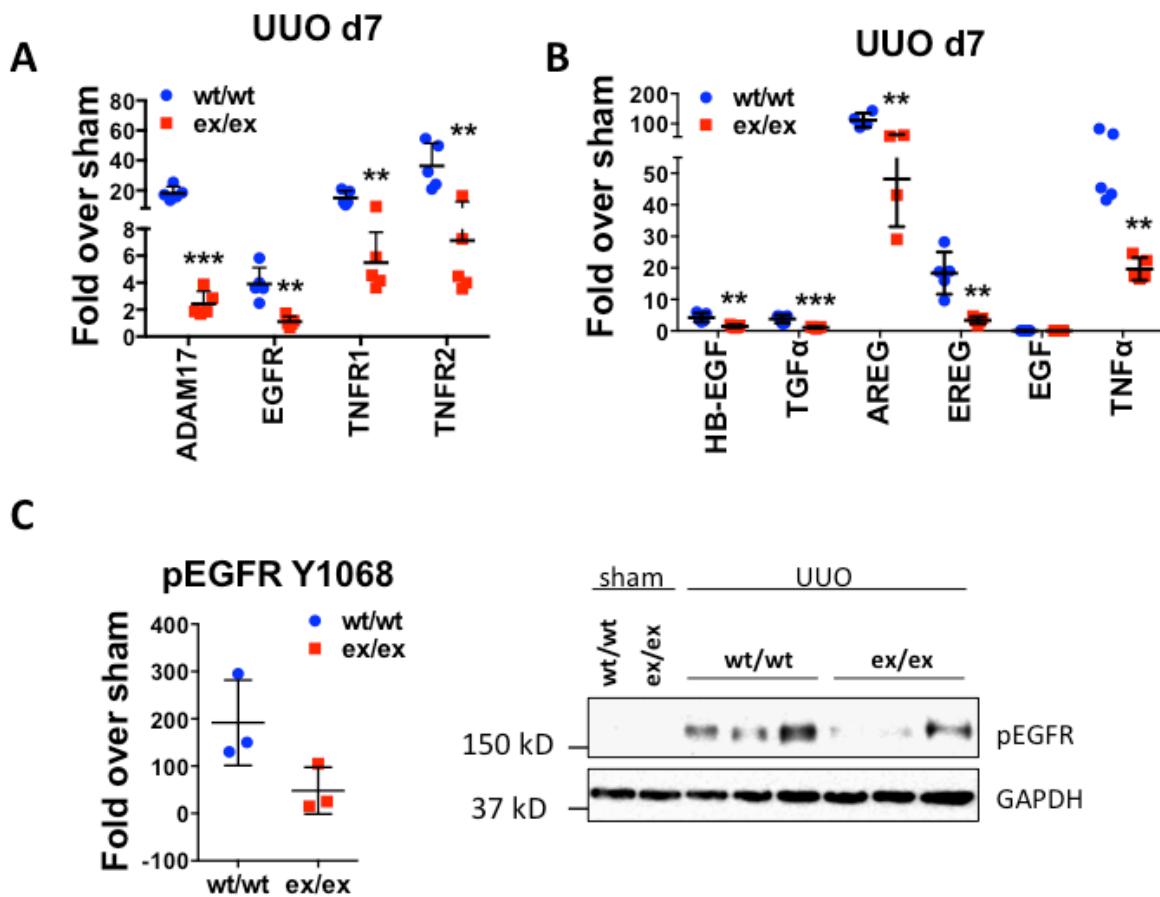
ADAM17: a-disintegrin-and-metalloprotease-17, IRI: ischemia-reperfusion-injury, α SMA: alpha smooth muscle actin



Supplemental Figure 2: Kidney stroma-specific ADAM17 knockout does not protect against fibrosis after UUO. **A.** Stroma-specific knock out (FoxD1-Cre) of ADAM17 was examined by immunostaining in the UUO model 7 days post obstruction. α SMA (a myofibroblast marker) is strongly co-localized with ADAM17 in kidney stroma in *wt* but not in

ADAM17fl/fl - FoxD1 Cre^{+/−} mice. **B.** Induction of fibronectin and αSMA was examined by Immunostaining (left: representative images, right: quantification, n=6-7, scale bar: 100 μm).

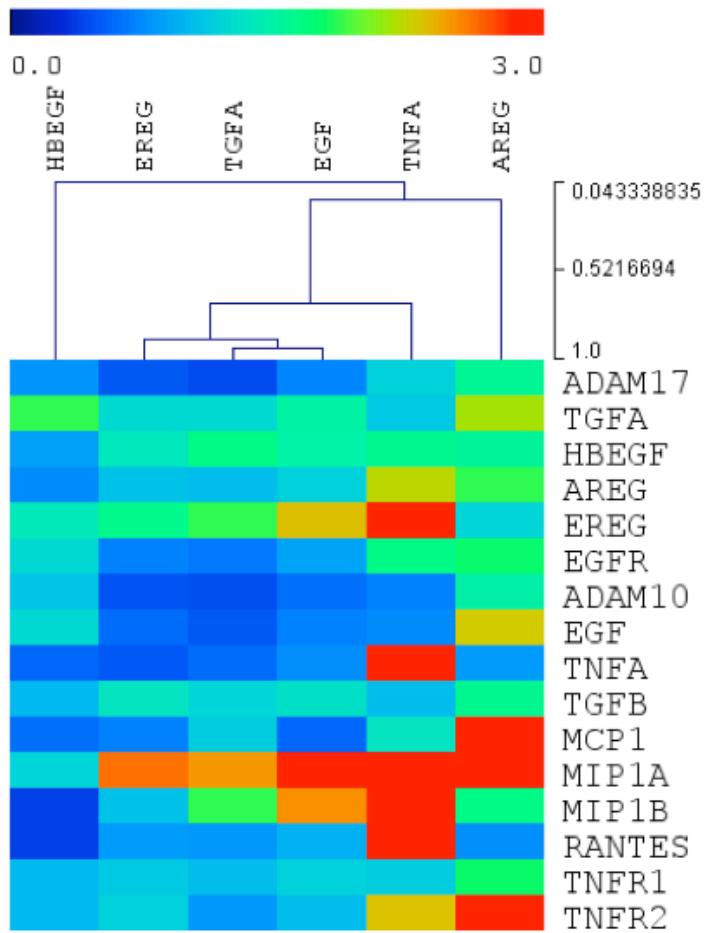
ADAM17: a-disintegrin-and-metalloprotease-17, αSMA: alpha-smooth-muscle-actin, UUO: unilateral-ureteral-obstruction



Supplemental Figure 3: ADAM17 pathway induction by UUO in wt/wt or ex/ex mouse kidneys. **A.** qPCR analysis of mRNA expression levels of ADAM17 pathway components in ex/ex or wt/wt mice at 7 days of UUO, expressed as fold over respective sham-injured mice (n=5). **B.** UUO (7 days) -induced EGFR phosphorylation (Y1068) was examined by western blot in wt/wt or ex/ex mice (left: quantification, n=3, right: representative blot). GAPDH was used as loading control. *: P<0.05; **: P<0.01; ***: P<0.001 as determined by an unpaired 2-tailed Student's t test.

ADAM17: a-disintegrin-and-metalloprotease-17, AREG: amphiregulin, EGF: epidermal-growth-factor, EGFR: epidermal-growth-factor-receptor, EREG: epiregulin, HB-EGF: heparin-binding-

epidermal-growth-factor-like growth factor, TGF α : transforming-growth-factor-alpha, TNF α : tumor-necrosis-factor-alpha, TNFR: tumor-necrosis-factor-receptor, UUO: unilateral-ureteral-obstruction



Supplemental Figure 4: ADAM17 pathway and proinflammatory markers induction by different EGFR ligands in HPTC. qPCR analysis of ADAM17 pathway components and proinflammatory marker mRNA expression after addition of equimolar amounts of different EGFR ligands (HB-EGF, EREG, TGF α , EGF, AREG) or of TNF α for 24h. Average results of 3 independent experiments are shown as fold over control after hierarchical clustering of the added factors.

ADAM10: a-disintegrin-and-metalloprotease-10, ADAM17: a-disintegrin-and-metalloprotease-17, AREG: amphiregulin, EGF: epidermal-growth-factor, EGFR: epidermal-growth-factor-receptor, EREG: epiregulin, HB-EGF: heparin-binding-epidermal-growth-factor-like growth

factor, MCP1: monocyte-chemoattractant-protein-1, MIP1A: macrophage-inflammatory-protein-1-alpha, MIP1B: macrophage-inflammatory-protein-1-beta, RANTES: regulated-on-activation-normal-T-cell-expressed-and-secreted, TGF α : transforming-growth-factor-alpha, TGF β : transforming-growth-factor-beta, TNF α : tumor-necrosis-factor-alpha, TNFR: tumor-necrosis-factor-receptor.

Supplemental Table 1: Patient characteristics of AKI, CKD patients and healthy volunteers included in urinary ELISA measurements.

Healthy controls										
Gender	Race	Age								
F	White	49								
M	White	50								
M	White	50								
F	Asian	41								
F	Black	28								
M	White	27								
F	Asian	28								
F	White	37								
M	White	28								
F	Asian	28								
CKD patients										
Gender	Race	Age	eGFR	Protein/Cr	ACE/ARB	Diuretic	DM	Cause	SBP	DBP
Male	Black	40	12	1.68	1	1	0	FSGS	134	85
Female	Hispanic	75	13	2.44	1	1	1	DM	154	66

Female	Asian	50	19	0.16	1	1	0	Chronic nephritis	131	82
Female	Black	70	22	0.23	1	1	1	DM/HTN	139	55
Female	White	35	20	0.44	1	1	0	CAKUT	124	88
Male	Hispanic	39	6		0	0	0	Chronic nephritis	136	98
Female	White	65	15	0.544	0	0	0	LITHIUM	127	76
Female	Black	70	22	0.23	1	1	1	DM/HTN	139	55
Male	Black	56	12	0.4536	0	1	1	DM	126	72
Female	White	55	23	5.48	0	1	1	DM	185	76

AKI patients

Admission Creatinine	Baseline sCr	Peak sCr	Reason for AKI
0.85	0.85	2.3	Hypotension/hypoperfusion, likely ATN
1	1	3.59	ATN
2.83	2-2.1	4.44	ATN, hemodynamic changes intra-op
1.3	1.2-1.3	5.23	ATN
1.2	1.2-1.3	3.56	ATN (post-op)

0.7	0.7	5.02	ATN (sepsis, hypotension)
1.04	0.9	9.9	ATN (post-operative, hemodynamic, vascular)
0.59	0.6	4.87	ATN, i.v. contrast
1	0.8	6.41	Cardiogenic shock, ATN
1.4	1.2-1.4	4.31	Post-operative AKI

Supplemental Table 2: Primers used for qPCR.

Target gene	Synonym	Species	Direction	Sequence
ADAM10		human	Forward	GCTGTGATTGCCAGATATC CA
ADAM10		human	Reverse	CACCATGAAACTGATGTTAC GGA
ADAM17	TACE	human	Forward	AGTGCAGTGACAGAACAGT C
ADAM17	TACE	human	Reverse	GGACACGCCTTGCAAGTAG
AREG		human	Forward	TCGGCTCAGGCCATTATGC
AREG		human	Reverse	AATCCATCAGCACTGTGGTC C
CCL2	MCP1	human	Forward	AGCATGAAAGTCTCTGCCGC
CCL2	MCP1	human	Reverse	GGCATTGATTGCATCTGGCT G
CCL3	MIP1A	human	Forward	TTCCGTCACCTGCTCAGAAT
CCL3	MIP1A	human	Reverse	GCAGCAAGTGATGCAGAGAA C
CCL4	MIP1B	human	Forward	CCCAGCCAGCTGTGGTATTC
CCL4	MIP1B	human	Reverse	AGCAGCTCAGTTCAGTTCCA

CCL5	RANTES	human	Forward	CTGCTTGCCCTACATTGCC
CCL5	RANTES	human	Reverse	TCGGGTGACAAAGACGACTG
EGF		human	Forward	CTTGGGAGCCTGAGCAGAAA
EGF		human	Reverse	TGCACAAGTGTGACTGGAGG
EGFR		human	Forward	CGAATGGGCCTAACAGATCCG
EGFR		human	Reverse	CTTCGCATGAAGAGGCCGAT
EREG		human	Forward	ACGTGTGGCTCAAGTGTCAA
EREG		human	Reverse	CACTTCACACCTGCAGTAGT TT
GAPDH		human/mouse	Forward	ACCACAGTCCATGCCATCAC
GAPDH		human/mouse	Reverse	TCCACCACCTGTTGCTGTA
HBEGF		human	Forward	TTGTGCTCAAGGAATCGGCT
HBEGF		human	Reverse	CAACTGGGGACGAAGGAGTC
PRLP0		human	Forward	CGTCCTCGTGGAAAGTGACAT
PRLP0		human	Reverse	TAGTTGGACTTCCAGGTCGC
TGFA		human	Forward	GTAAAATGGTCCCCTCGGCT
TGFA		human	Reverse	GGGTCTGCACTCAGCGG
TGFB1		human	Forward	GGAAATTGAGGGCTTCGCC
TGFB2		human	Reverse	CCGGTAGTGAACCCGTTGAT
TNF	TNFA	human	Forward	GCCCCATGTTGTAGCAAACCC

TNF	TNFA	human	Reverse	TATCTCTCAGCTCCACGCCA
TNFRSF1A	TNFR1	human	Forward	ACGAGTGTGTCTCCTGTAGT
TNFRSF1A	TNFR1	human	Reverse	CACTGTGGTGCGCTGAGTCC
TNFRSF1B	TNFR2	human	Forward	CCCAGGTGAAAAAGAACGCC
TNFRSF1B	TNFR2	human	Reverse	CAGGTGCTGCTGCTCGG
Acta2	αSMA	mouse	Forward	AGCCATCTTCATTGGGATG GA
Acta2	αSMA	mouse	Reverse	TACCCCCCTGACAGGACGTTG
Adam10		mouse	Forward	TGCCTGGCCTATGTCTTCAC
Adam10		mouse	Reverse	TATTCCCCAGAGCTTCCTGA
Adam17	Tace	mouse	Forward	TCTGAAGAGTTGTTCGTCG AGT
Adam17	Tace	mouse	Reverse	CTTCTCCACGGCCCATGTAT
Areg		mouse	Forward	GCTGAGGACAATGCAGGGTA A
Areg		mouse	Reverse	GTGACAACCTGGGCATCTGGA
Ccl2	Mcp1	mouse	Forward	CACTCACCTGCTGCTACTCA
Ccl2	Mcp1	mouse	Reverse	GCTTGGTGACAAAAACTACA GC
Ccl3	Mip1A	mouse	Forward	CAGCCAGGTGTCATTTCTG A

Ccl3	Mip1A	mouse	Reverse	TCTCAGGCATTCAAGTCCAG G
Ccl4	Mip1B	mouse	Forward	GCCAGCTGTGGTATTCCCTGA
Ccl4	Mip1B	mouse	Reverse	AGCTGCTCAGTTCAACTCCA
Ccl5	Rantes	mouse	Forward	CTCACCATATGGCTCGGACA
Ccl5	Rantes	mouse	Reverse	CGACTGCAAGATTGGAGCAC
Egf		mouse	Forward	AGCATACTCAGCGTCACAGC
Egf		mouse	Reverse	GCAGGACCAGGCACAAGTC
Egfr		mouse	Forward	ACCTCTCCGGTCAGAGATG
Egfr		mouse	Reverse	CTTGTGCCTTGGCAGACTTTC
Ereg		mouse	Forward	TGCTTGTCAGGTTCCCACC
Ereg		mouse	Reverse	GGCGGTACAGTTATCCTCGG
Hbegf		mouse	Forward	TCTGGCCGCAGTGTGTTGCC
Hbegf		mouse	Reverse	GGTTTGATCCAGTGGGA G
Pdgfrb	Pdgfr1	mouse	Forward	GTCAATGTCCCCGTCCGTG
Pdgfrb	Pdgfr2	mouse	Reverse	CTGCAGGTAGACCAGGTGAC
Prpl0		mouse	Forward	CTCTCGCTTCTGGAGGGTG
Prpl0		mouse	Reverse	ACGCGCTTGTACCCATTGAT
Tgfa		mouse	Forward	CTCTGCTAGCGCTGGGTATC
Tgfa		mouse	Reverse	TGGGCACTTGTTGAAGTGAG

A				
Tgfb1	Tgf β	mouse	Forward	CTGCTGACCCCCACTGATAC
Tgfb1	Tgf β	mouse	Reverse	AGCCCTGTATTCCGTCTCCT
Tnf	Tnfa	mouse	Forward	ATGGCCTCCCTCTCATCAGT
Tnf	Tnfa	mouse	Reverse	CTTGGTGTTGCTACGACG
Tnfrsfla	Tnfr1	mouse	Forward	ACGAATCACTCTGCTCCGTG
Tnfrsfla	Tnfr1	mouse	Reverse	TCGCAAGGTCTGCATTGTCA
Tnfrsflb	Tnfr2	mouse	Forward	GAGATGCCAAGGTGCCTCAT
Tnfrsflb	Tnfr2	mouse	Reverse	AACTGGGTGCTGTGGTCAAC