

1 **Rare Variable *M. tuberculosis* Antigens induce predominant Th17 responses in human infection**

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3 Paul Ogongo^{1,2*}, Liya Wassie³, Anthony Tran¹, Devin Columbus^{1#}, Julia Huffaker¹, Lisa Sharling⁴, Gregory
4 Ouma⁵, Samuel Gurrion Ouma⁵, Kidist Bobosha³, Cecilia S. Lindestam Arlehamn^{6,7}, Neel R. Gandhi^{4,8,9}, Sara C.
5 Auld^{4,9,12}, Jyothi Rengarajan^{8,10}, Cheryl L. Day^{10,11}, Artur Quieroz^{13,14}, Mariana Araújo-Perreira^{13,14}, Eduardo
6 Fukutani^{13,14}, Bruno B. Andrade^{13,14}, John D. Altman¹⁰, Henry M. Blumberg^{4,8,9}, Joel D. Ernst^{1*} and the TBRU
7 ASTRa Study Group

8
9 ¹Division of Experimental Medicine, University of California, San Francisco, CA, USA

0 ²Department of Tropical and Infectious Diseases, Kenya Institute of Primate Research, Nairobi, Kenya

1 ³Mycobacterial Disease Research Directorate, Armauer Hansen Research Institute, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

2 ⁴Department of Epidemiology, Emory University Rollins School of Public Health, Atlanta, GA, USA

3 ⁵Center for Global Health Research, Kenya Medical Research Institute, Kisumu, Kenya

4 ⁶Center for Vaccine Innovation, La Jolla Institute for Immunology, La Jolla, CA, USA

5 ⁷Department of Infectious Disease and Immunology, Center for Vaccine Research, Statens Serum Institut,
6 Copenhagen, Denmark.

7 ⁸Department of Medicine, Division of Infectious Diseases, Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta, GA,
8 USA

9 ⁹Department of Global Health, Emory University Rollins School of Public Health, Atlanta, GA, USA,

0 ¹⁰Emory Vaccine Center, Emory University, Atlanta, GA, USA

1 ¹¹Department of Microbiology and Immunology, Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta, GA, USA

2 ¹²Department of Medicine, Division of Pulmonary and Critical Care Medicine, Emory University School of
3 Medicine, Atlanta, GA, USA

4 ¹³Multinational Organization Network Sponsoring Translational and Epidemiological Research (MONSTER)
5 Initiative, Salvador, Brazil

6 ¹⁴Laboratório de Pesquisa Clínica e Translacional, Instituto Gonçalo Moniz, Fundação Oswaldo Cruz, Salvador,
7 Brazil

8 #Present address: Vitamin Angels Alliance, Goleta, CA, USA

9 *Joint corresponding authors:

0 **Paul Ogongo:**

1 University of California, San Francisco,

2 2540 23rd Street, Pride Hall, Room 3724

3 San Francisco, CA 94110

4 tel: 415-476-1227

5 paul.ogongo@ucsf.edu

6

7 **Joel D. Ernst:**

8 University of California, San Francisco,

9 2540 23rd Street, Pride Hall, Room 3724

0 San Francisco, CA 94110

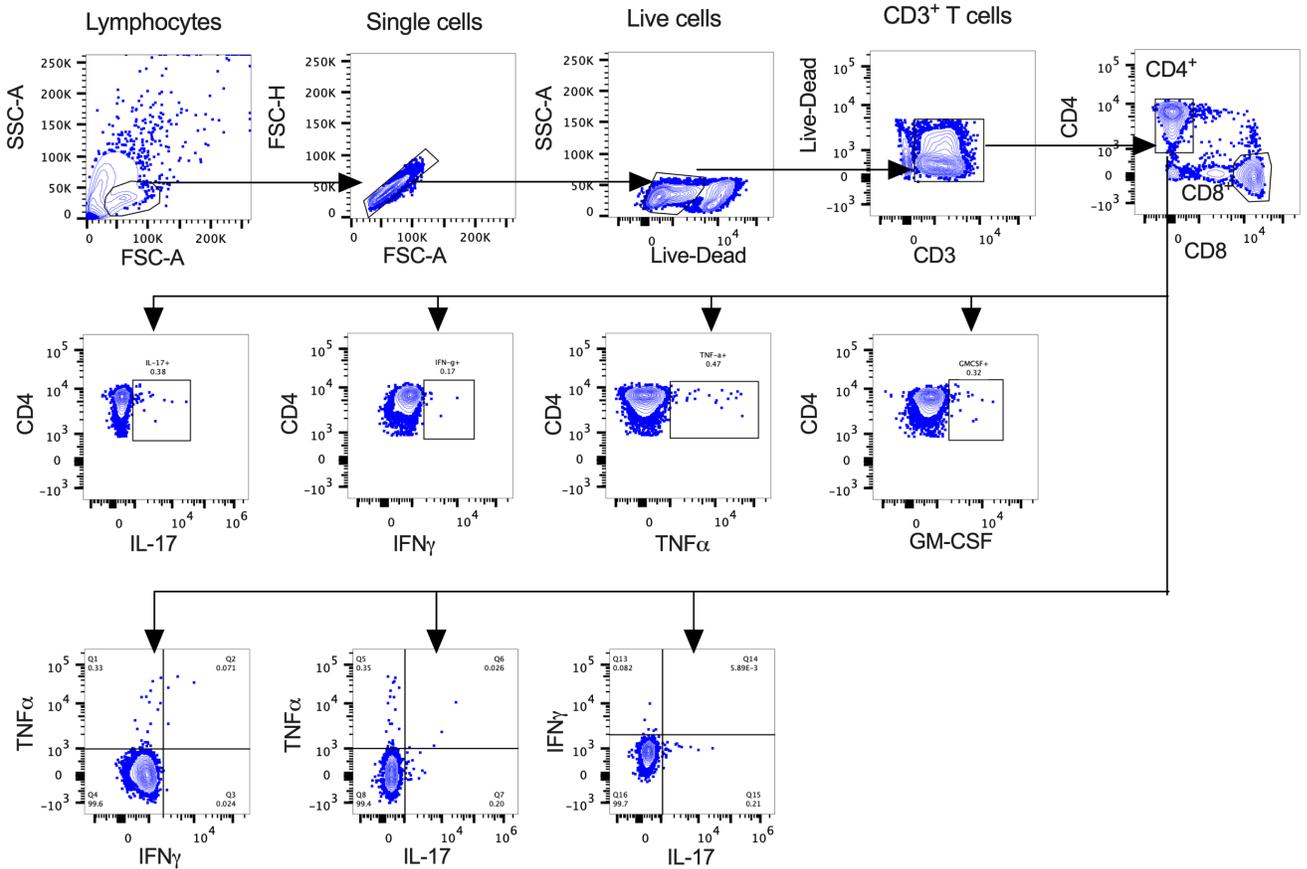
1 tel: 415-476-1227

2 joel.ernst@ucsf.edu

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4 **Supplementary materials**

Supplementary figure 1:



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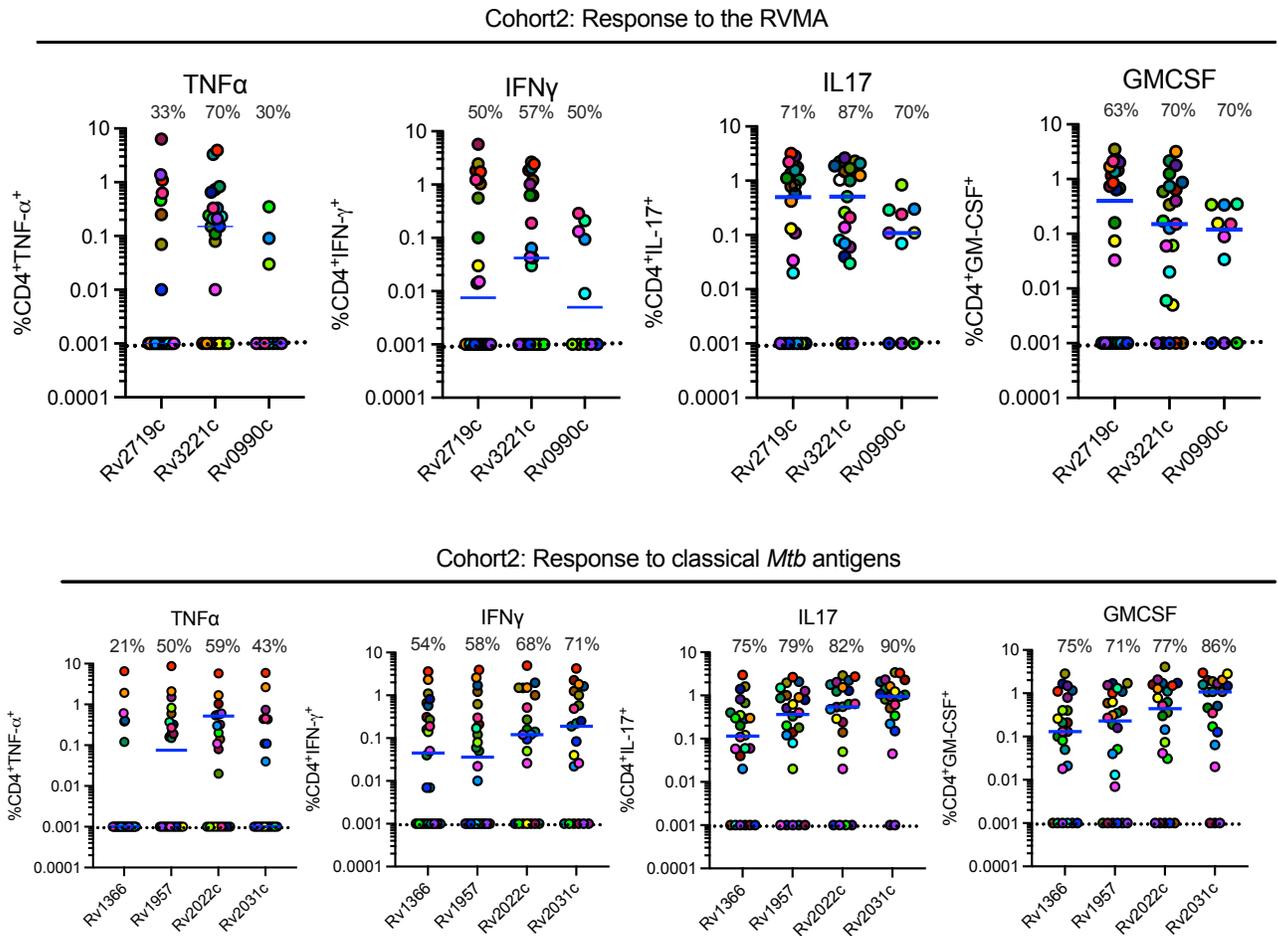
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7 **Supplementary Figure 1: Identification of *Mtb*-specific CD4+ T cells.** Gating strategy to detect cytokine-producing

8 CD4+ T cells after stimulation with distinct *Mtb* antigens. The shown strategy is for unstimulated PBMCs; the

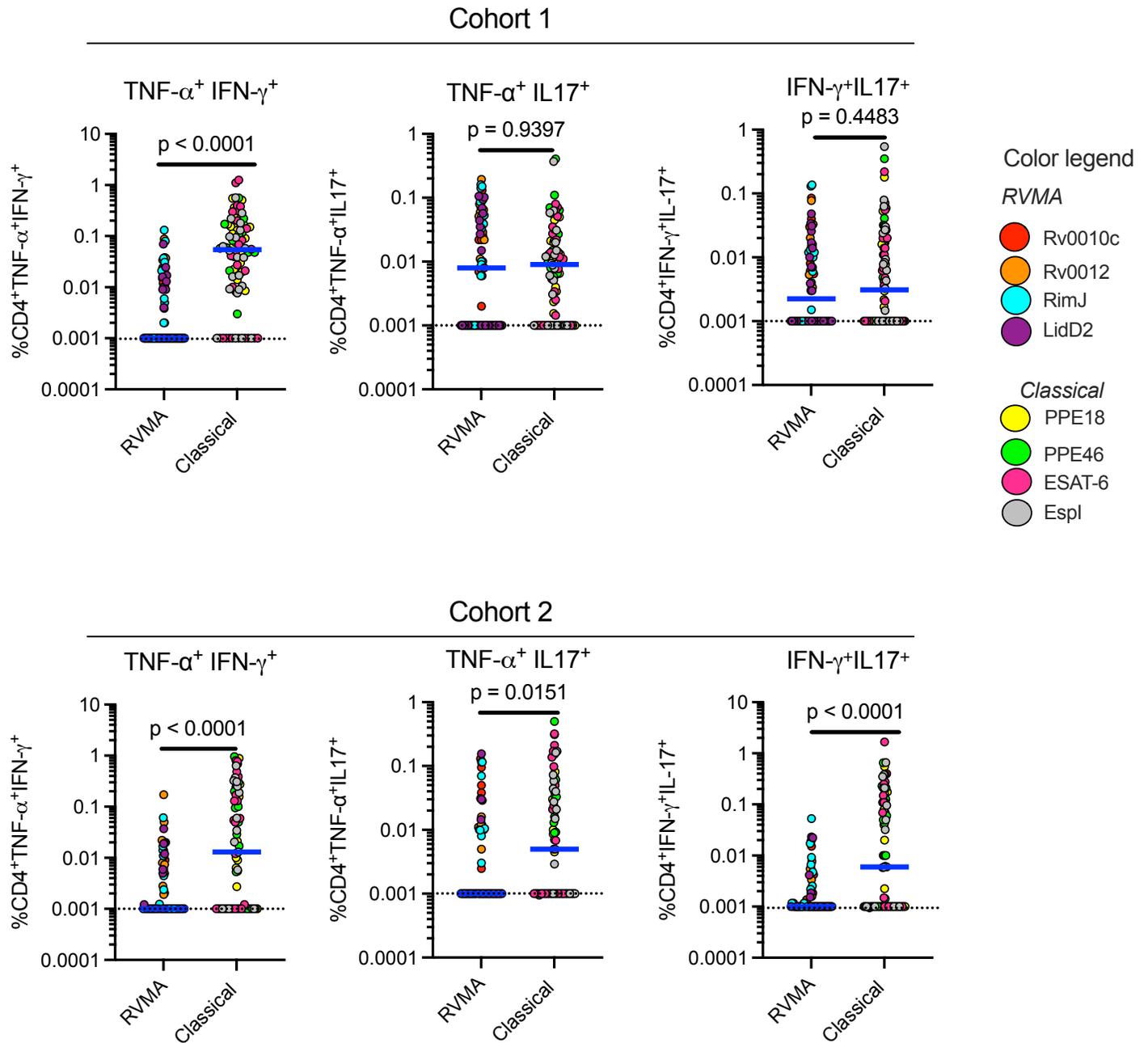
9 magnitude of *Mtb*-specific cytokine is reported after subtraction of the unstimulated background staining.

Supplementary figure 2:



Supplementary Figure 2: Distinct *Mtb* antigens elicit T cell responses with different functional properties (Cohort 2). Procedures and analyses were as described in Figure 1; the samples were obtained from participants in Cohort 2 (AHRI, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia). Results for RVMA (Rv0990c, Rv2719c, and Rv3221c) are shown in the top panel; results for LICA (Rv1366, Rv1957, Rv2022c, and Rv2031c) are shown in the bottom panel.

Supplementary figure 3:



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8 **Supplementary Figure 3: The RVMA induce significantly fewer bifunctional CD4⁺ T cells.** Cryopreserved
 9 PBMCs from participants in both cohorts were stimulated with distinct antigens (2 μg/ml) for a total of 20 hours in the
 0 presence of Golgi Stop and Golgi Plug and costimulatory antibodies anti-CD28 and anti-CD49d and dual cytokine
 1 production by CD4⁺ T cells determined by intracellular cytokine staining. Each color code is for a distinct antigen as
 2 indicated; blue line indicates the median cytokine response. Statistics: Mann-Whitney test.

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4 Supplemental Table 1. Demographic and clinical characteristics of study cohorts

Characteristic	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	p*
Age, Median (Interquartile range), Y	31.5 (20, 49.5)	32.9 (26.7, 38.6)	0.6613
Sex, n (%)			
Male	15 (42%)	24 (56%)	p = 0.2611, Fisher's exact test)
Female	21 (58%)	19 (44%)	
BMI; Median (Interquartile range)	21.95 (20.18, 26.58)	21.80 (19.8, 24.7)	0.8852
HbA1c, %; Median (Interquartile range)	5.5 (5.2,5.7)	5.3 (5, 6.1)	0.7467
QFT Results, IU/mL; Median (Interquartile range)			
TB antigen minus Nil	9.03 (1.95, 10)	5.56 (2.2, 8.23)	0.0183
Mitogen minus Nil	5.19 (2.09, 9.46)	8.78 (7.75, 9.72)	0.0011
*p = Absolute p, Mann-Whitney unless otherwise specified.			

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6 Supplemental Table 2. Cohort 2: Frequencies of CD4 T cell cytokine responses, by individual antigens

	RVMA				IFN γ -dominant Classical			
	Rv0010c n=17	Rv0012 n=24	RimJ n=29	LldD2 n=13	PPE18 n=21	PPE46 n=17	ESAT-6 n=21	EspI n=14
TNF	29	58	52	15	52	71	86	86
IFN γ	35	58	55	38	71	82	86	93
IL-17	59	58	62	54	67	88	86	86
GM-CSF	59	79	45	62	57	82	71	79
The values shown reflect the percent of participants whose samples yielded detectable responses, defined as >0.001% of CD4 T cells after stimulation with the indicated antigens.								

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9 Supplemental Table 3. Cohort 2: Frequencies of responders: individual cytokines vs antigen class

	Median % (interquartile range) n = 4 antigens per category		Absolute p (Mann-Whitney)
	RVMA	IFNγ-dominant Classical	
TNF	40 (19, 56)	78 (57, 85)	0.0571
IFN γ	51 (38, 57)	84 (74, 90)	0.0286
IL-17	58 (54, 61)	85 (71, 87)	0.0286
GM-CSF	60 (48, 75)	74 (61, 78)	0.6857

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1 Supplemental Table 4. Cohort 2: Magnitudes of individual cytokine responses (% of CD4 T cells) vs antigen
2 class

	Median % (interquartile range) n = 4 antigens per category		Absolute p (Mann-Whitney)
	RVMA	IFNγ-dominant Classical	
TNF	0.001 (0.001, 0.12)	0.35 (0.001, 0.8)	<0.0001
IFN γ	0.001 (0.001, 0.06)	0.3(0.05, 0.72)	<0.0001
IL-17	0.04 (0.001, 0.24)	0.29 (0.09, 0.66)	<0.0001
GM-CSF	0.03 (0.001, 0.22)	0.13 (0.001, 0.32)	0.0662

Values shown for each cytokine and each antigen are median % of all CD4 T cells that express the specified cytokine. For statistical analyses, assays that yielded undetectable levels of the stated cytokine were assigned a value of 0.001%.

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5 Supplemental Table 5. Cohort 2: IL-17 vs IFN γ responses to individual RVMA

	Response Frequencies (% of participants with detectable cytokine ⁺ CD4 T cells)		Response Magnitudes (% of CD4 T cells that are cytokine ⁺) Median (interquartile range)		p*
	IL-17	IFN γ	IL-17	IFN γ	
Rv0010c	58	35	0.02 (0.001, 0.115)	0.001 (0.001, 0.047)	0.2437
Rv0012	58	58	0.07 (0.001, 0.385)	0.012 (0.001, 0.0775)	0.0054
RimJ	62	55	0.06 (0.001, 0.32)	0.01 (0.001, 0.087)	0.2157
LldD2	63	46	0.03 (0.001, 0.255)	0.001 (0.001,0.0305)	0.0391
Rv0990c	70	50	0.11 (0.001, 0.29)	0.005 (0.001, 0.15)	0.0781
Rv2719c	71	50	0.5 (0.001, 1.51)	0.008 (0.001, 1.18)	0.1269
Rv3221c	87	57	0.51 (0.06, 1.68)	0.042 (0.001, 1.01)	0.0602
*p values for the comparison of IL-17 vs IFN γ magnitudes (Wilcoxon matched pairs)					

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7 Supplemental Table 6. Cohort 2: Magnitudes of individual cytokine responses (% of CD4 T cells) vs antigen
8 class

	Median % (interquartile range) n = 3 RVMA and n = 4 LICA		Absolute p (Wilcoxon matched pairs)
	IL-17	IFN γ	
RVMA	0.26 (0.025, 1.35)	0.01 (0.001, 0.63)	0.0059
LICA	0.4 (0.05, 1.24)	0.08 (0.001, 0.58)	0.0003
Values shown for each cytokine and each antigen class are median % of all CD4 T cells that express the specified cytokine. For statistical analyses, assays that yielded undetectable levels of the stated cytokine were assigned a value of 0.001%.			

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