



- Supplemental Figure 1. Whole Tissue Cell Cluster Annotation and Receptor-Ligand Analysis of
   Developing Human Small Intestine at Single Cell Resolution. Related to Figure 1.
- (A) Chord diagram of predicted FGF, IGF, TGFb, WNT, and BMP signaling events between
   intestinal stem cells and additional non-epithelial lineages. Cell type abbreviations are as
   follows: SEC (subepithelial cells), SMC (smooth muscle cells), Mes (mesenchyme), ISC
   (intestinal stem cells), EC (endothelial cells).
  - (B) Diagram showing the contribution of ligand-receptor pairing to chord diagram in Figure 1D. EREG was the only ligand predicted in the stem cell cluster.
  - (C) Co-FISH/IF staining for *EGFR* (pink), *ErbB2* (green), and ECAD (grey) in human fetal duodenum (127-day).
  - (D) UMAP visualization of entire merged fetal datasets colored broadly by cell class (neurons; yellow, endothelial; purple, mesenchyme; green, epithelium; blue, and immune; red) datasets include 2 biological replicates, ages 127-day (two duodenal samples) and 132-day (one duodenal and one ileum) with 18,100 cells total.
  - (E) Dot plot of entire fetal datasets highlighting expression of canonical lineage genes that were used for cluster annotation.
    - (F) Dot plot illustrating expression of canonical epithelial lineage markers within fetal epithelial subclusters.
    - (G) UMAP visualization of extracted epithelial clusters from entire fetal intestine dataset(29). Genes used for extraction matched those used in (E).
    - (H) Dot plot illustrating expression of canonical epithelial lineage markers within fetal epithelial subclusters.
  - (I) Bar graph of sample contribution to ISC cluster (cluster 1) of the 11 samples included in this analysis.
  - (J) Dot plot visualization of stem cell markers (*LGR5, OLFM4*), enterocyte markers (*FABP2, SI, DPP4*), EGF ligands, and EGF family receptors among human fetal epithelial datasets.
    - (K) Co-FISH/IF staining for *EREG* (pink), DAPI (grey), and ECAD (grey) in the crypts of the human fetal duodenum at select timepoint across developmental time.



- 1085 Supplemental Figure 2. Quantification and Additional scRNA-seq Analysis of EGF-grown 1086 Enteroids. Related to Figure 2.
- (A) Quantification of solidity, aspect ratio, circularity, and roundness of enteroids grown in
   varying doses of EGF or EREG. Six enteroids grown for one passage to 10 days were
   measured three times. See methods section for further explanation on calculations.
- (B) Weighed nearest neighbors (representing joint RNA and ATAC data) UMAP visualization
   colored by sample (fresh crypts; red, 1 ng/ml EREG; blue, 1 ng/ml EGF; green, and 100
   ng/ml EGF; grey). Overlap of EGF conditions suggests transitional and epigenomic
   similarity.
- 1094 (C) UMAP visualization of scRNA-seq data (no epigenomic data included) of 1 ng/ml EGF-1095 grown enteroids and 100 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroids with 5,326 cells total in analysis.
  - (D) UMAP visualization of sample distribution between 1 ng/ml EGF (green) and 100 ng/ml EGF (grey) enteroids.
- 1098 (E) Dot plot of canonically illustrating expression of canonical epithelial lineage markers 1099 within combined enteroids analysis.
  - (F) UMAP visualization of scRNA-seq data (no epigenomic data included) of 1 ng/ml EGFgrown enteroids alone with 2,099 cells total in analysis.
- (G) Dot plot of canonically illustrating expression of canonical epithelial lineage markers
   within 1 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroids alone.
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- 1112 Supplemental Figure 3. Additional Staining of EREG and EGF-grown Enteroids. Related to 1113 Figure 2.
- (A) FISH and immunofluorescence staining in fetal intestine (127-day) tissue sections for
   stem cells (*LGR5, OLFM4*), goblet cells (MUC2), enteroendocrine cells (CHGA), and
   brush border of enterocytes (SI). Middle panels show the same image with MUC2 and
   CHGA channels split for visual clarity.
- 1118 (B) FISH and immunofluorescence staining of 1 ng/ml EREG-grown enteroids specimens for 1119 stem cells (*LGR5, OLFM4*), goblet cells (MUC2), enteroendocrine cells (CHGA), and 1120 brush border of enterocytes (SI).
- 1121 (C) FISH and immunofluorescence staining of 100 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroids specimens 1122 for stem cells (*LGR5, OLFM4*), goblet cells (MUC2), enteroendocrine cells (CHGA), and 1123 brush border of enterocytes (SI).
  - (D) FISH and immunofluorescence staining of 1 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroids specimens for stem cells (*LGR5, OLFM4*), goblet cells (MUC2), enteroendocrine cells (CHGA), and brush border of enterocytes (SI).
- 1126brush border of enterocytes (SI).1127(E-F) TEM imaging of human fetal intestine (89-day) (E) specimens and 1 ng/ml EREG-1128grown enteroids (F). Intracellular characteristics were used to classify the presence of stem
- 1129 cells (black arrows), goblet cells, enteroendocrine cells, and brush border of enterocytes.
- 1130 Note: First and third panel in (E) are separate images taken from the same region of tissue.
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- 1139 Supplemental Figure 4. Cell Cluster Annotation of Enteroid Samples and Ectopic Stomach
- 1140 Expression by scRNA-seq and Immunofluorescence Imaging. Related to Figure 3.
- (A) UMAP visualization of Louvain clustering of 1 ng/ml EREG and 100 ng/ml EGF
   enteroids. Clusters annotated using canonically expressed marker genes when possible,
   otherwise growth condition is noted in cluster name (i.e. EGF-grown cells).
- (B) Dot plot visualization of canonically expressed marker gene used to annotated Louvain clustering in (A). These include stem cells (*LGR5, OLFM4*), proliferative cells (*MKI67, TOP2A*), enterocytes (*FABP2, ALPI, RBP2*), BEST4+ enterocytes (*BEST4, SPIB*), goblet cells (*MUC2, SPDEF, DLL1*), tuft cells (*TRPM5, TAS1R3*), and enteroendocrine (*CHGA, NEUROD1, PAX6, ARX*).
  (C) Heatmap showing ectopic stomach gene expression in Louvain clusters with most
  - (C) Heatmap showing ectopic stomach gene expression in Louvain clusters with most expression occurring in EGF-grown cell clusters (0, 4, 6, 7).
  - (D) 2D immunofluorescence staining for stomach marker TFF1 (green) counterstained with ECAD (blue) and DAPI (grey) in 1 ng/ml EREG-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10), 1 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10), and 100 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10). Controls in human fetal intestine (127-day), human fetal stomach (132-day) can be found in Figure 3.
- (E) Quantification of TFF1 and CLDN18 immunofluorescence images. Statistical significance was determined with a one-way ANOVA with multiple comparisons using the GraphPad Prism software (TFF1: 1 ng/ml EREG to 1 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value= 0.0003; 1 ng/ml EREG to 100 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value=<0.0001); 1 ng/ml EGF to 100 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value=<0.0001. CLDN18: 1 ng/ml EREG to 1 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value=<0.0001; 1 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value=<0.0001); 1 ng/ml EGF 1161</li>
  adjusted p-value=<0.0001; 1 ng/ml EREG to 100 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value=<0.0001); 1 ng/ml EGF to 100 ng/ml EGF adjusted p-value=<0.0001); 1 ng/ml
  - (F) 2D immunofluorescence staining for stomach marker CLDN18 (pink) and intestinal marker CDX2 (green) counterstained with ECAD (blue) and DAPI (grey) in human fetal intestine (127-day), human fetal stomach (132-day), 1 ng/ml EREG-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10), 1 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10), and 100 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10).
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- 1176 Supplemental Figure 5. Characterization of Multiomic Analysis and k-means Clustering. Related
- 1177 to Figure 4.
- (Å) UMAP visualization of GATA4 gene expression and motif activity of MA0482.2 with dot
   plot quantification.
- (B) UMAP visualization of HNF4A gene expression and motif activity of MA0114.4with dot
   plot quantification.
- (C) 2D immunofluorescence staining for intestinal marker CDX2 (red) counterstained with
   ECAD (blue) and DAPI (grey) in 1 ng/ml EREG-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10), 1
   ng/ml EGF-grown enteroid (passage 1 day 10), and 100 ng/ml EGF-grown enteroid
   (passage 1 day 10). Quantification of signal intensity is reported with 5 technical
   replicates of individual enteroids measured.
- 1187 (D) K-means clustering of peaks in control fresh crypts, 1 ng/ml EREG, 1 ng/ml EGF, and 100 ng/ml EGF. Graph represents a heatmap of accessibility in these regions.
- (E) Graphical schematic summary of overall pattern of peaks shown in (E).
- (F) Motif analysis of clusters of interest from K-means clustering in (E) including motif and P value. Full list of ranked motifs can be found in Table S3.