

**Online Data Supplement:**

**Epithelial microRNA-206 targets CD39/extracellular ATP to upregulate airway  
IL25 and TSLP in type 2-high asthma**

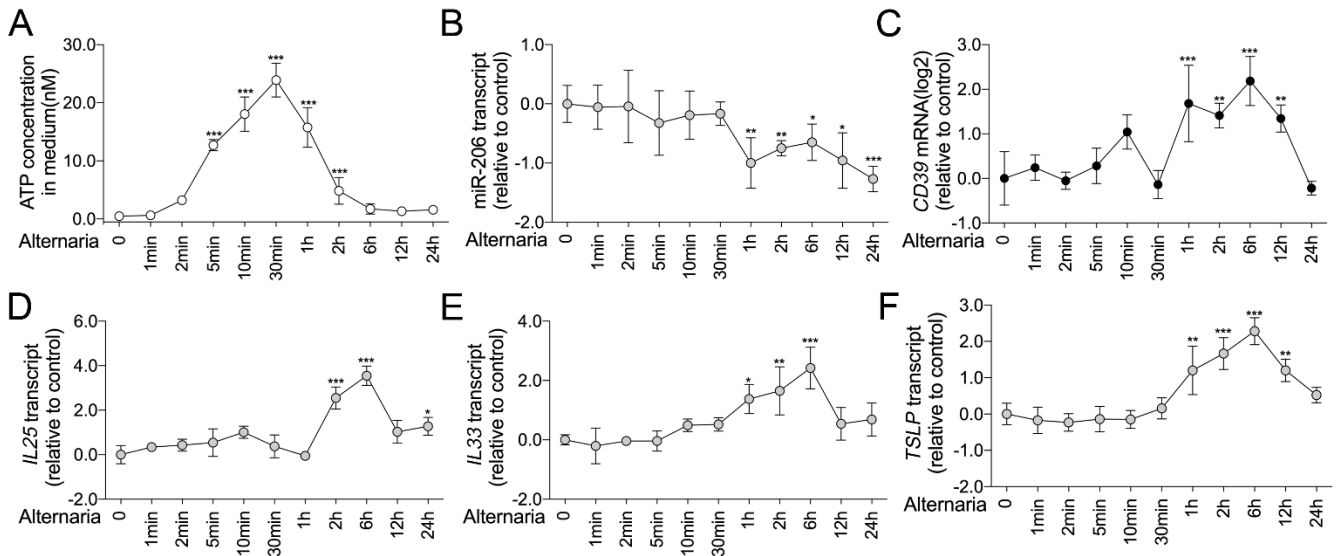
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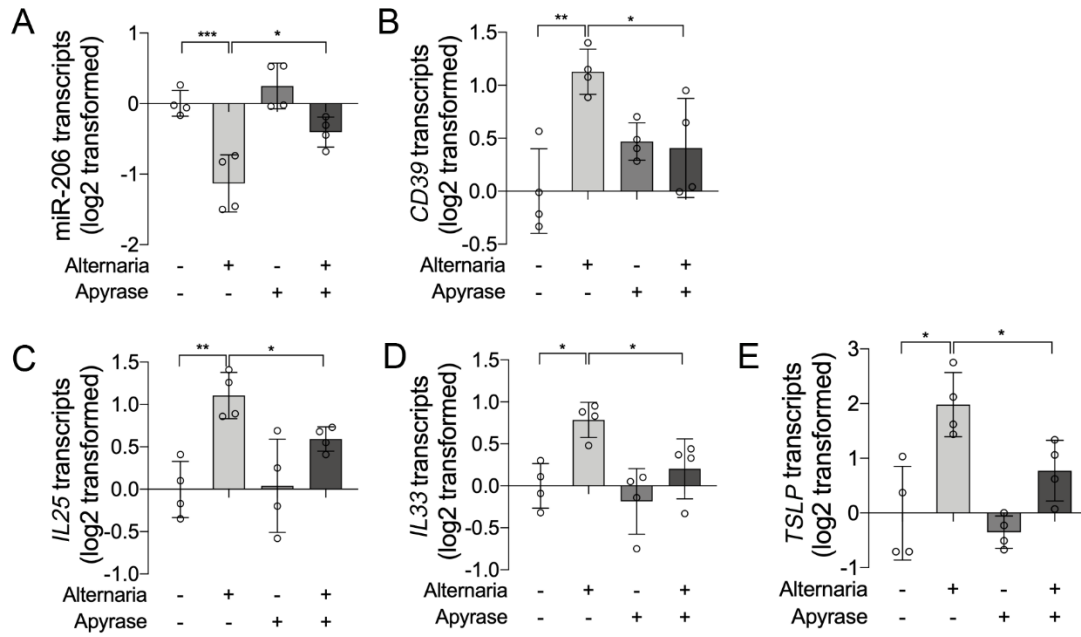
**Supplementary Table. Primers for quantitative PCR**

Gene	Species	Type	Sequence
<i>β-actin</i>	Human	Forward	GCAAGCAGGACTATGACGAG
		Reverse	CAAATAAAGCCATGCCAATC
<i>CD39</i>	Human	Forward	ACTATCGAGTCCCCAGATAATGC
		Reverse	CCTGATCCTTCCCATAGCACAA
<i>CLCA1</i>	Human	Forward	ATGGCTATGAAGGCATTGTCTG
		Reverse	TGGCACATTGGGGTCGATTG
<i>GAPDH</i>	Human	Forward	AAGGTGAAGGTCGGAGTCAAC
		Reverse	GGGGTCATTGATGGCAACAATA
<i>POSTN</i>	Human	Forward	GACCGTGTGCTTACACAAATTG
		Reverse	AAGTGACCGTCTCTTCCAAGG
<i>SERPINB2</i>	Human	Forward	TCCTGGGTCAAGACTCAAACC
		Reverse	CATCCTGGTATCCCCATCTACA
<i>β-actin</i>	Mouse	Forward	GGCTGTATTCCCCTCCATCG
		Reverse	CCAGTTGGTAACAATGCCATGT
<i>Gapdh</i>	Mouse	Forward	TGGCCTTCCGTGTTTCCTAC
		Reverse	GAGTTGCTGTTGAAGTCGCA
<i>Cd39</i>	Mouse	Forward	AGATGAAATCGGTGCGTACCT
		Reverse	GAGTCTGGTGATGCTTGGATG

**Supplementary Figures and Figure Legends:**



**Supplementary Figure 1. The kinetics of extracellular ATP and the expression of miR-206, CD39, IL25, IL33, and TSLP in BEAS-2B cells after Alternaria stimulation.** (A) ATP concentration in BEAS-2B cells culture medium collected at indicated time points after Alternaria (50  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) stimulation was measured by luciferase bioluminescence. (B-F) Transcript levels of miR-206 (B), CD39 (C), IL25 (D), IL33 (E) and TSLP (F) in BEAS-2B cells harvested at indicated time points after Alternaria (50  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) stimulation were determined by quantitative PCR. n = 4 wells per group. Data are mean  $\pm$  SD. \* $P < 0.05$ ; \*\* $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\* $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\* $P < 0.0001$  (one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's post hoc test).



**Supplementary Figure 2. Extracellular ATP is required for Alternaria-induced**

**miR-206, CD39, IL25, IL33 and TSLP expression in BEAS-2B cells.** (A-B) miR-206

(A) and CD39 (B) transcript levels in BEAS-2B cells pretreated with apyrase or saline for 2 h before adding Alternaria (50 µg/ml) and stimulation for 6 h. The transcript levels are expressed as relative to the mean value of control group and log2 transformed. (C-

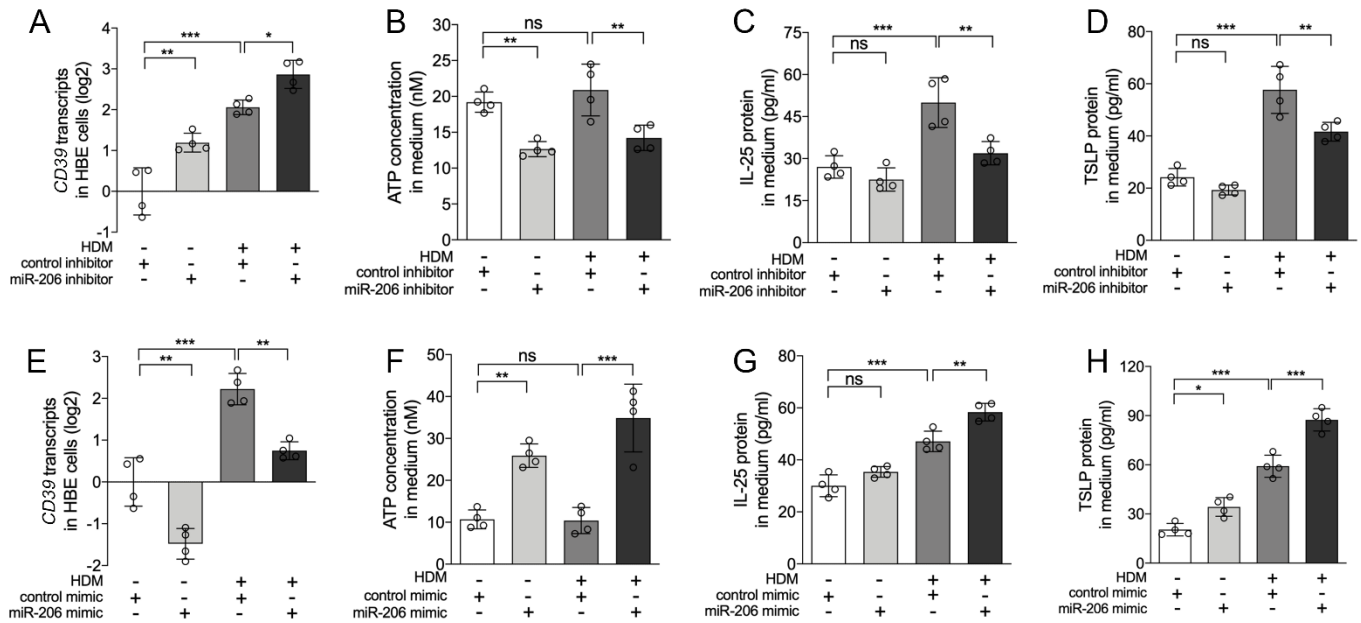
D) IL25 (C), IL33 (D) and TSLP (E) transcript levels in BEAS-2B cells pretreated with

apyrase or saline for 2 h before adding Alternaria (50 µg/ml) and stimulation for 6 h.

The transcript levels are expressed as relative to the mean value of control group and

log2 transformed. n = 4 wells per group. The data are shown as mean ± SD. \*P < 0.05;

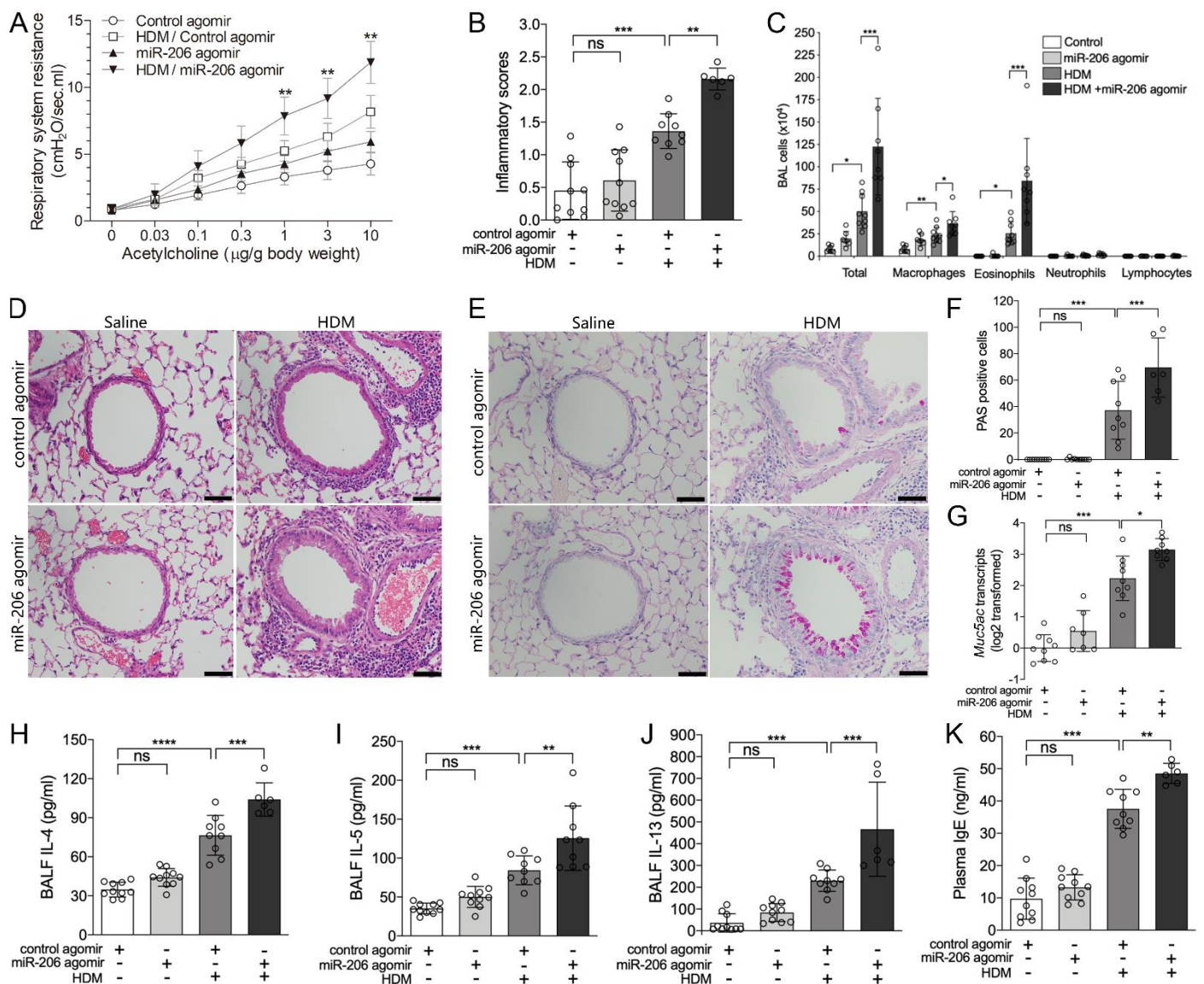
\*\*P < 0.01; \*\*\*P < 0.001 (one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's post hoc test).



**Supplementary Figure 3. MiR-206 regulates allergen-induced IL-25 and TSLP expression via targeting CD39 - extracellular ATP axis in bronchial epithelial cells.**

(A) *CD39* transcript levels in HBE cells transfected with control or miR-206 inhibitor and stimulated with or without HDM for 6 h were determined by quantitative PCR. (B) ATP concentration in culture medium after transfection with control or miR-206 inhibitor and stimulation with or without HDM for 6 h were measured by luciferase bioluminescence. (C, D) IL-25 (C), and TSLP (D) protein levels in culture medium after transfection with control or miR-206 inhibitor and stimulation with or without HDM for 6 h were determined by ELISA. (E) *CD39* transcript levels in HBE cells transfected with control or miR-206 mimic and stimulated with or without HDM for 6 h were determined by quantitative PCR. (F) ATP concentration in culture medium after transfection with control or miR-206 mimic and stimulation with or without HDM for 6 h were measured by luciferase bioluminescence. (G, H) IL-25 (G), and TSLP (H) protein levels in culture medium after transfection with control or miR-206 mimic and stimulation with or without HDM for 6 h were determined by ELISA. n = 4 wells per

group combined from 2 experiments using HBE cells from 2 healthy donors. Data are mean  $\pm$  SD. \* $P < 0.05$ ; \*\* $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\* $P < 0.001$  (one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's post hoc test).



**Supplementary Figure 4. Overexpression of airway miR-206 expression aggravates HDM-induced AHR, airway inflammation, mucus overproduction and type 2 response in mice.** (A) Respiratory resistance in response to different concentration of intravenous acetylcholine at 24 h after the last HDM or saline challenge in mice intranasally administered with control or miR-206 agomir. (B) Inflammatory scores of lung sections from mice intranasally administered with control or miR-206 agomir and challenged with HDM or saline were calculated as described in

Methods. (C) Counts for macrophages, eosinophils, lymphocytes and neutrophils in BALF. (D) H&E staining of representative lung sections. (E) PAS staining for mucus in representative lung sections. (F) The numbers of PAS-staining-positive cells were counted in four random fields for each lung section at  $\times 200$  magnification. (G) *Muc5ac* transcript levels in mice lung were determined by quantitative PCR. The transcript levels are expressed as relative to the mean value of the control group and log<sub>2</sub> transformed. (H-J) The protein levels of IL-4 (H), IL-5 (I), IL-13 (J) in BALF were determined by ELISA. (K) Plasma IgE levels in peripheral blood were determined by ELISA. n = 6-10 mice per group combined from 2 experiments. Data are mean  $\pm$  SD. \* $P < 0.05$ ; \*\* $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\* $P < 0.001$  (one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's post hoc test). Scale bar = 50  $\mu\text{m}$ .