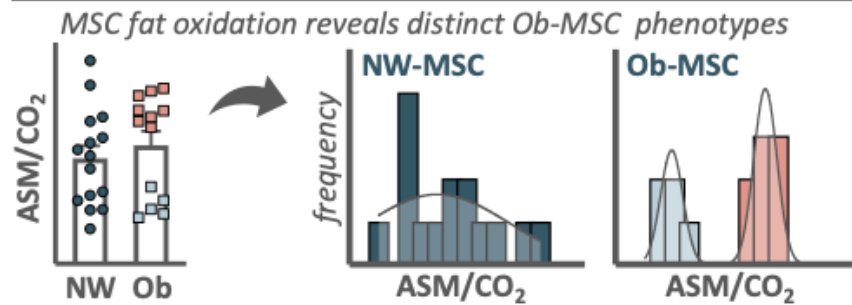


Supplemental Table 1. ProteinSimple WES Antibody and Assay Conditions

Antibody	Manufacturer	Cat. No.	Ab Dilution	Sample [protein]
β-Actin	Cell Signaling Technology	4970	1:50	0.2 µg/µL
PPARγ	Cell Signaling Technology	2435	1:25	0.8 µg/µL
SREBP1	Novus Biologicals	NB100-2215	1:25	0.2 µg/µL
FAS	Cell Signaling Technology	3180	1:500	0.2 µg/µL
SCD1	R&D Systems	AF7550	10 µg/mL	0.2 µg/µL
DGAT1	Novus Biologicals	NB100-57086	1:50	0.4 µg/µL
ACS	Cell Signaling Technology	3658	1:200	0.2 µg/µL

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 1:

ASM/CO₂: mitochondrial efficiency for fat oxidation



Previously reported MSC metabolism distinguishing Ob-MSC groups (11).

Reprinted from *Molecular Metabolism*, 6(11), Kristen E. Boyle,

Zachary W. Patinkin, Allison L.B. Shapiro, Carly Bader, Lauren

Vanderlinden, Katerina Kechris, Rachel C. Janssen, Rebecca J. Ford,

Brennan K. Smith, Gregory R. Steinberg, Elizabeth J. Davidson, Ivana

V. Yang, Dana Dabelea, and Jacob E. Friedman, Maternal obesity alters

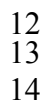
fatty acid oxidation, AMPK activity, and associated DNA methylation

in mesenchymal stem cells from human infants, 1503–1516, Copyright

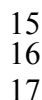
(2017), with permission from Elsevier.

9
10
11

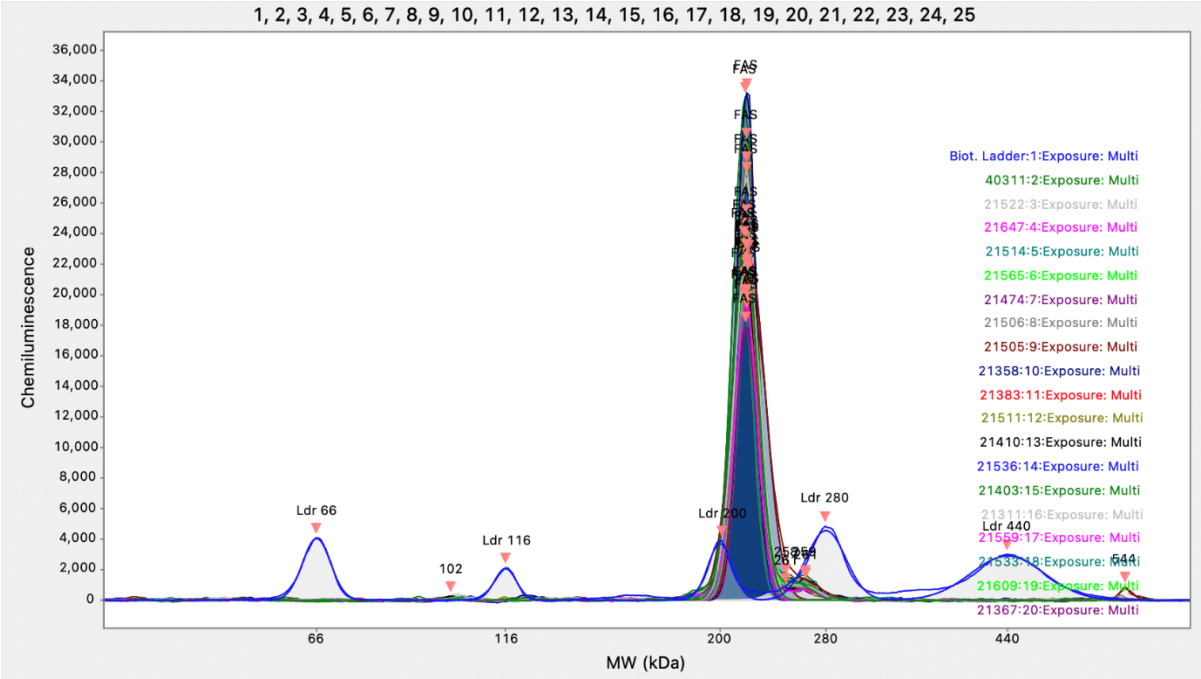
11



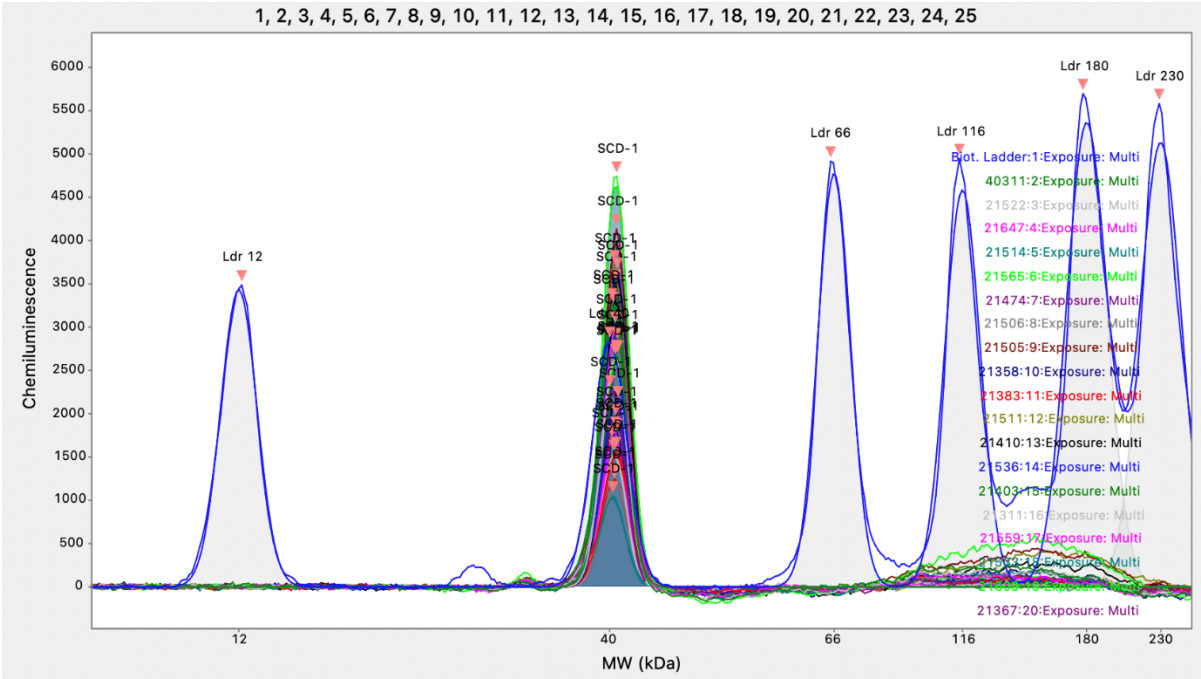
14



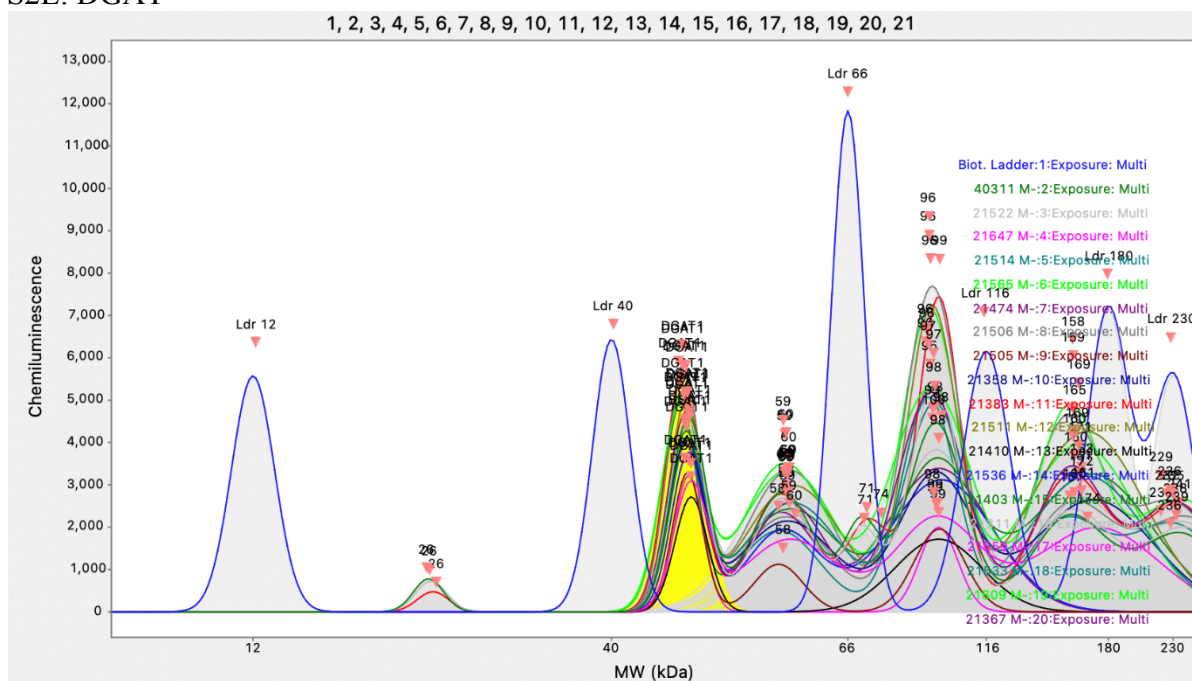
18 S2C. FAS



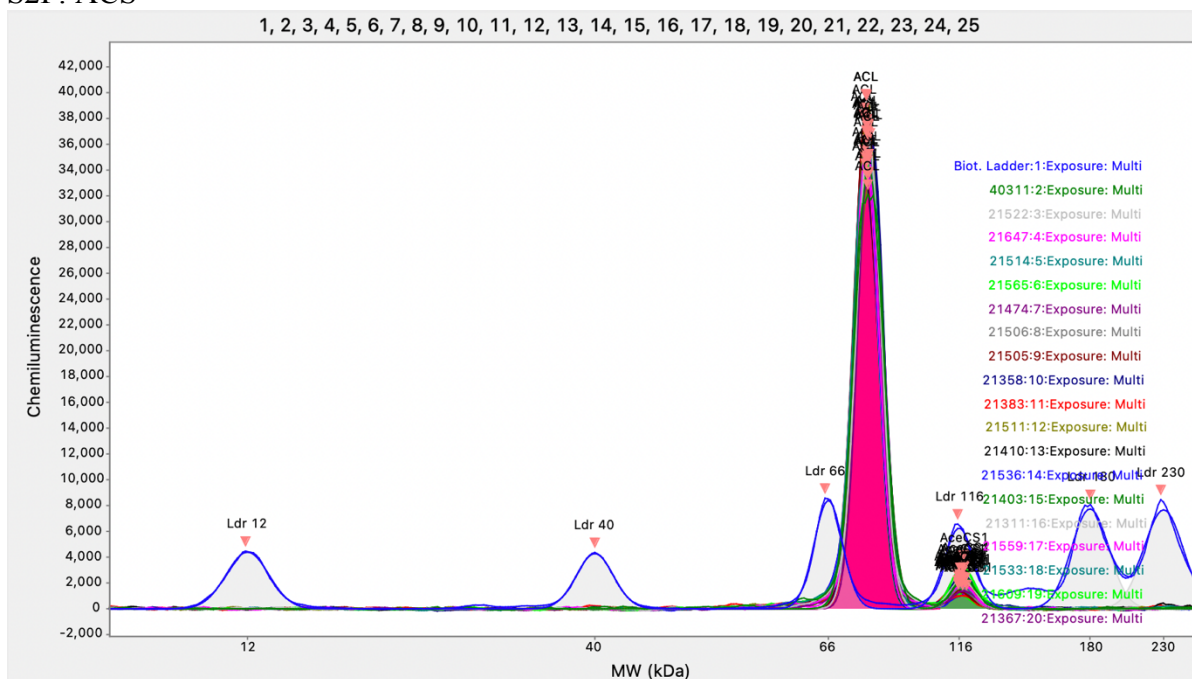
19
20
21 S2D. SCD-1



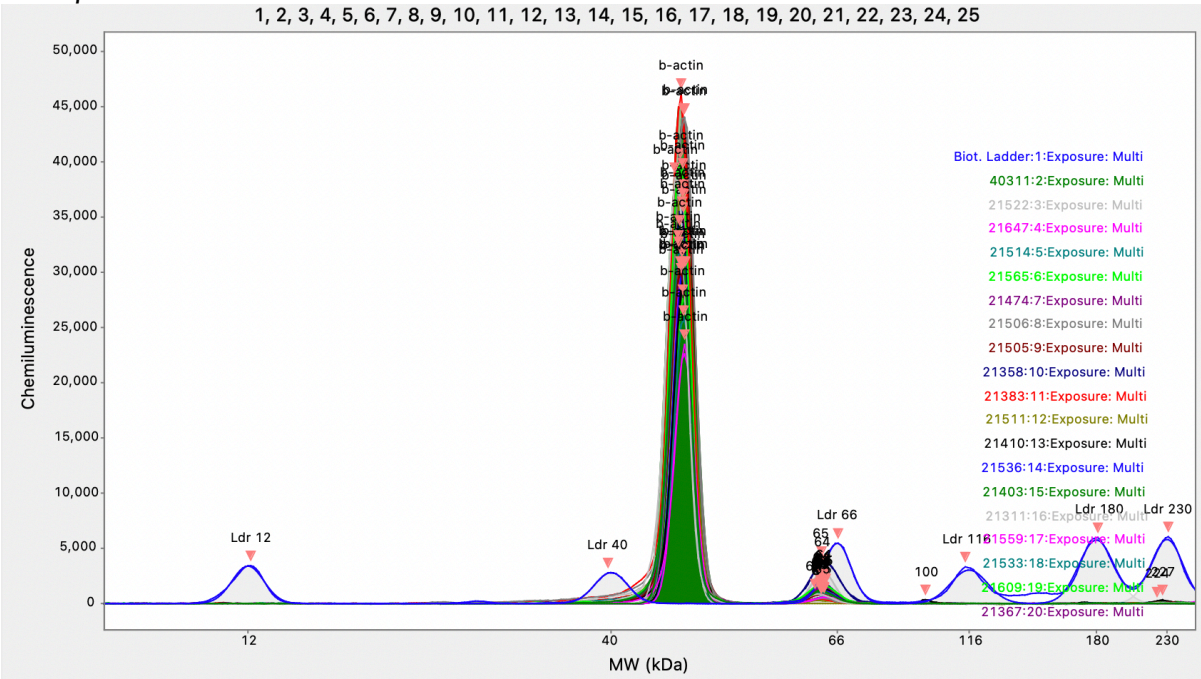
27
28
29
30
31



***Please note ACS (at MW ~118 kDa) was run multi-plexed with an additional protein at 81 KDa.*

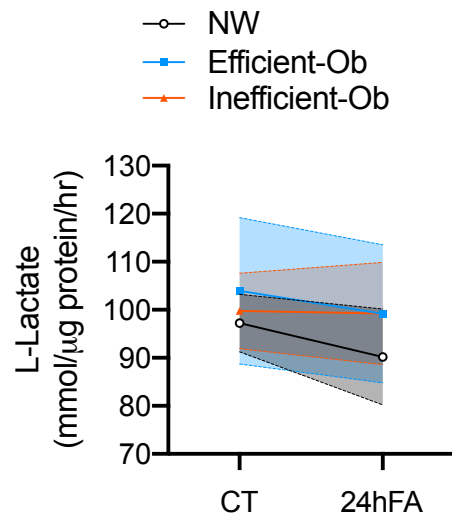


35 S2G. β -actin



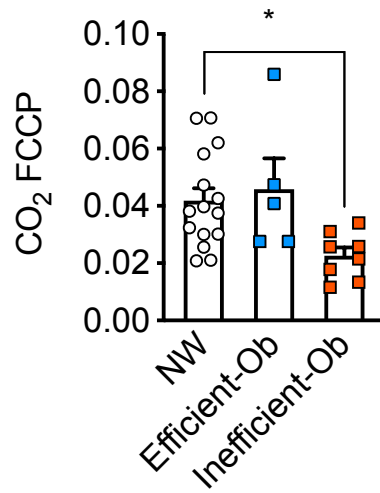
36
37
38
39

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 3:



Lactate concentrations in media, an index of glycolysis, were not different across NW, Ef-Ob, and In-Ob MSCs. Mixed model analysis of glycolysis among MSC metabolic phenotypes during two experimental conditions: control and 24hFA exposure (Interaction: $F=0.116$; $P=0.891$; Condition: $F=0.510$, $P=0.483$; Phenotype: $F=0.238$; $P=0.790$).

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 4:



One-way ANOVA indicates significant between group effects ($F=4.486$, $P=0.022$). Sidak-adjusted post-hoc comparisons reveal Inefficient-Ob is significantly reduced compared to normal weight ($P=0.038$) indicated by a and b symbols. Data are presented as means \pm SE. * indicates difference between NW and In-Ob ($P \leq 0.05$).