

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES AND FIGURE LEGENDS

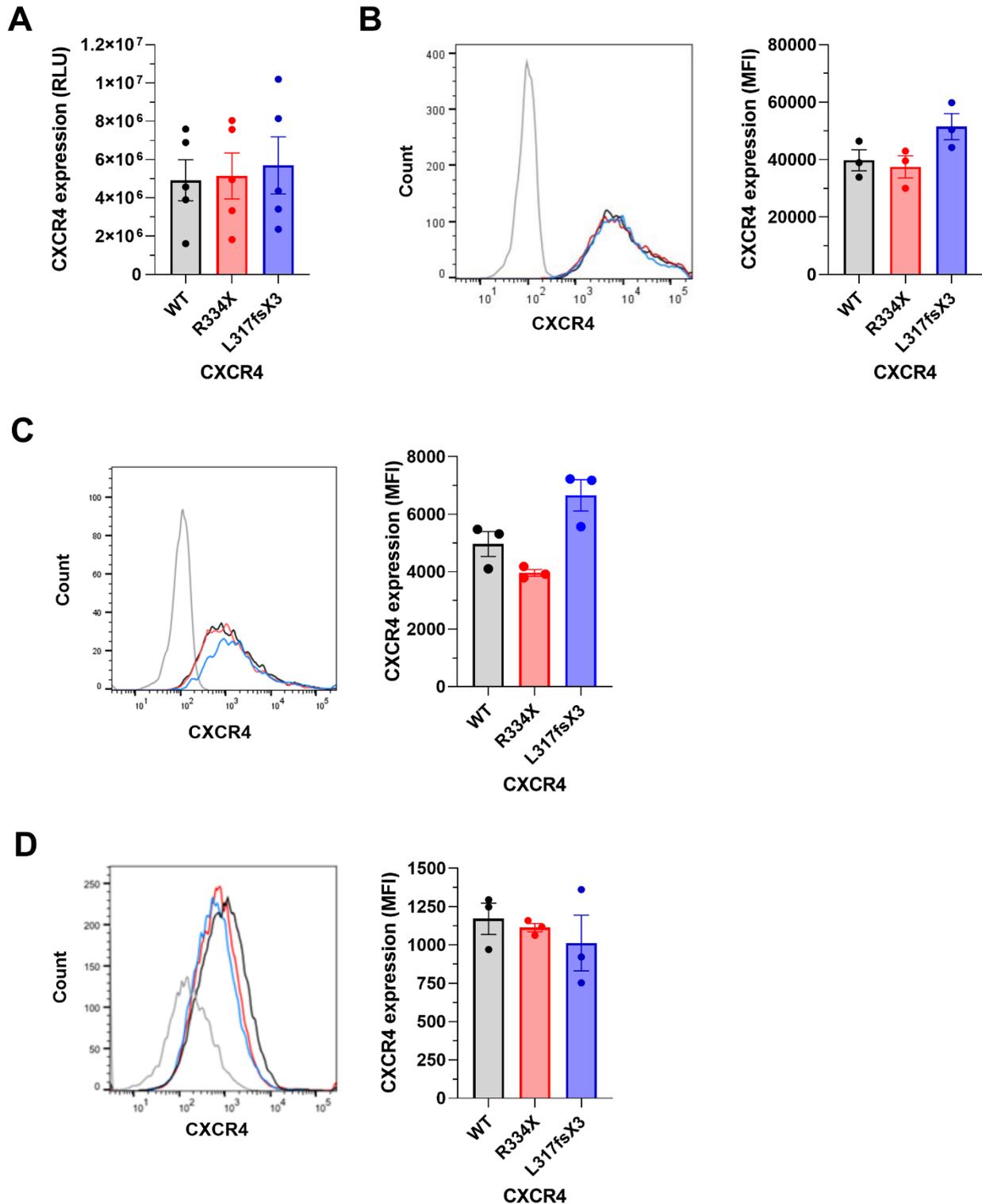


Figure S1. Surface expression of CXCR4^{WT} and WHIM-mutated variants in cell lines.

Surface expression of CXCR4^{WT} and WHIM-mutated receptors in HEK-293T (A-C) transient transfectants used for internalization assay (A; Figure 3B-C), β -arrestin and miniG_i protein

recruitment (B; Figure 3D-E and Figure 4A), and calcium flux assay (C, Figure 4C-D); (D) stable transfectants used for cAMP modulation assay (Figure 4E-F) . Y-axis shows the RLU (A) or mean fluorescence intensity (B-D) of CXCR4 expression revealed by complementation with LgBiT (A) and 12G5 staining (B-D), respectively. CXCR4^{WT}: black lines; CXCR4^{R334X}: red lines; CXCR4^{L317fsX3}: blue lines; isotypic control: gray lines.

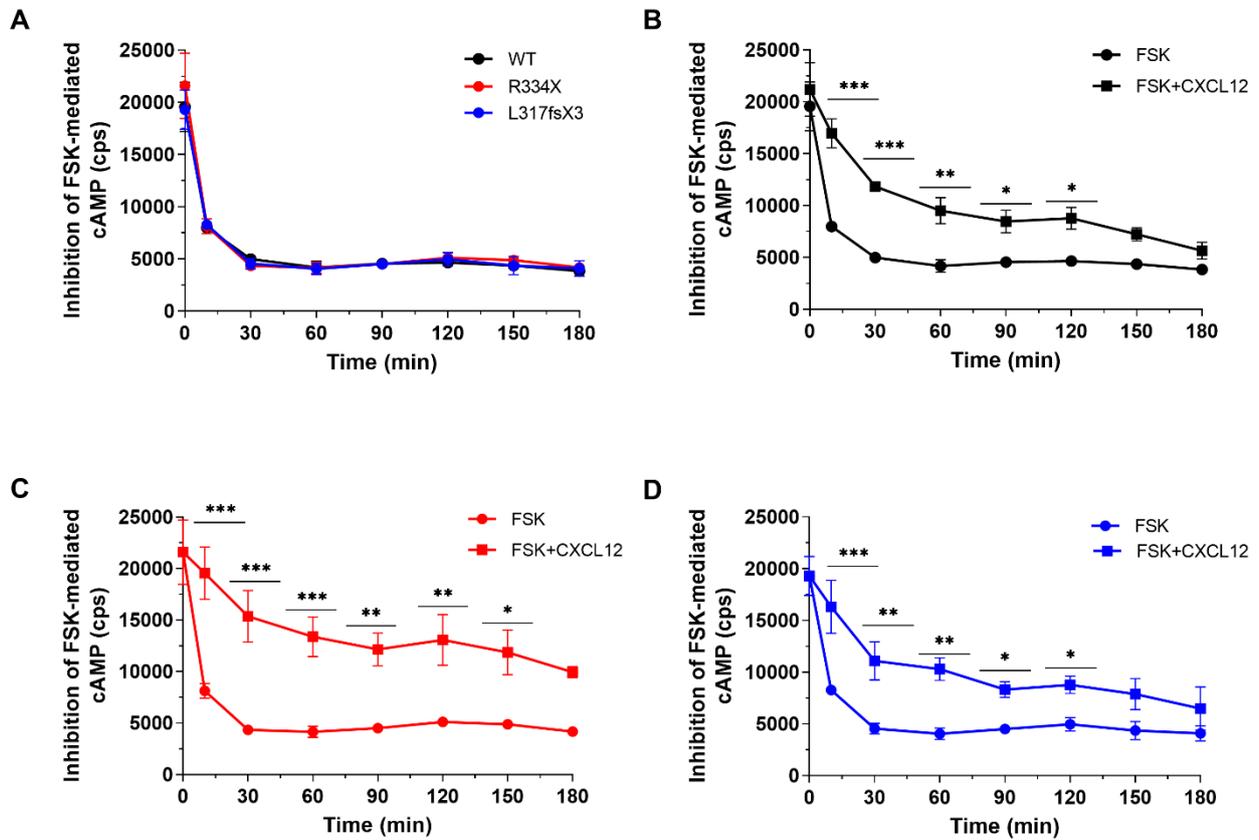


Figure S2. *G_{ai}* activation properties of CXCR4^{WT} and WHIM-mutated variants.

HEK-293T cells stably transfected with HA-tagged CXCR4^{WT} and WHIM-mutated variants evaluated by luminescence for cAMP levels upon treatment with FSK alone (A, circle dots) or with 200 nM CXCL12 (B-D, square dots) for the indicated time points. Data are shown as mean \pm SEM of 3 independent experiments. CXCR4^{WT}: black lines; CXCR4^{R334X}: red lines; CXCR4^{L317fsX3}: blue lines. Two-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparison test was used for statistical analysis. *: $p < 0.05$, **: $p < 0.005$: FSK vs FSK+CXCL12.

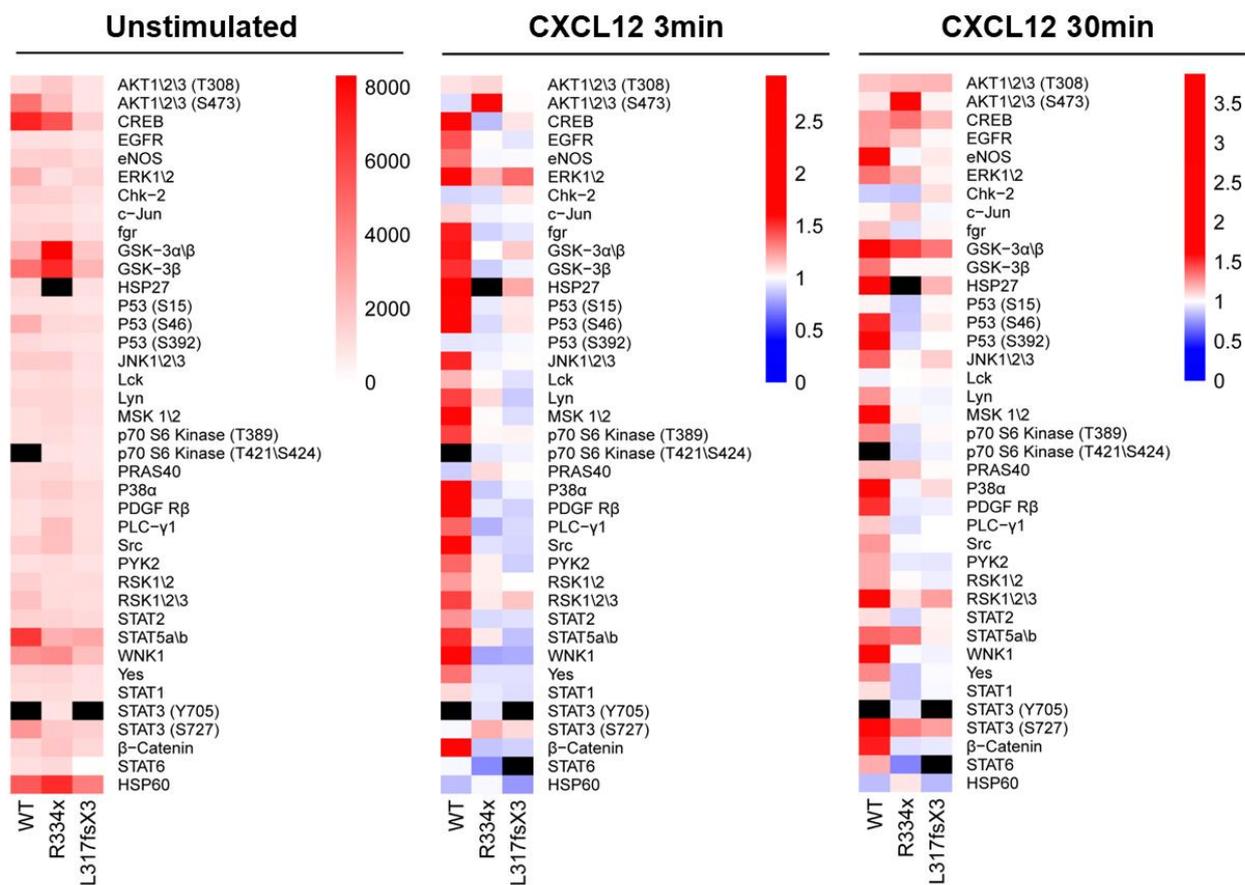


Figure S3. CXCL12-induced signaling pathways in CXCR4^{WT} and WHIM-mutated variants.

EBV transformed cells derived from PBMC of healthy donor and WHIM patients. Panel A shows a representative heatmap analysis of Western blotting quantification of indicated kinases phosphorylation upon treatment with 100 nM CXCL12 for 3 and 30 min. Data are expressed as normalized value of band intensity over untreated cells. Black square refers to undetectable signals. Heatmap plot was performed using pheatmap library.

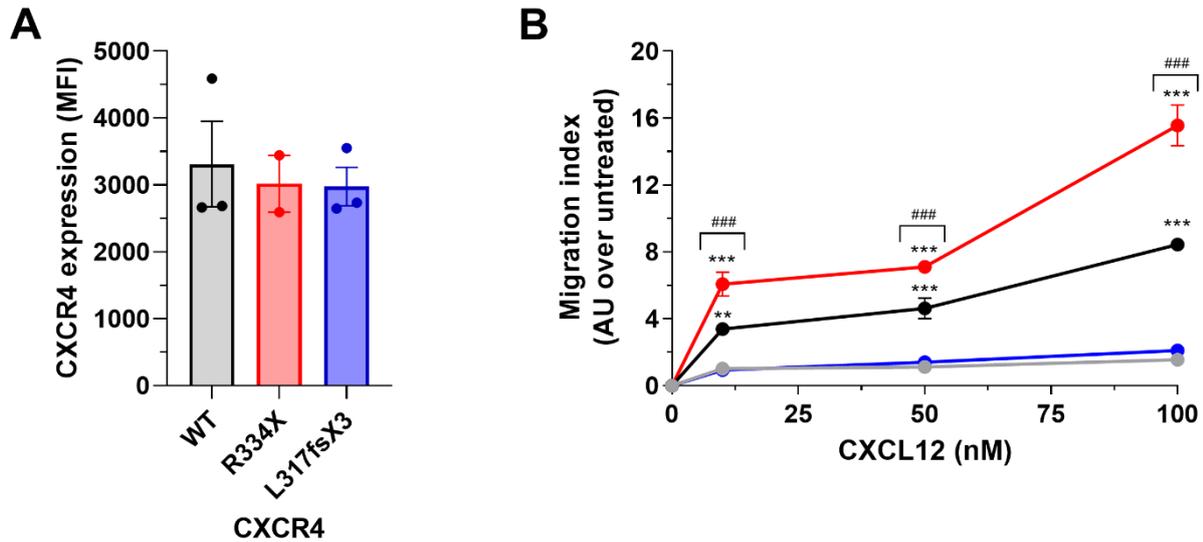


Figure S7. Functional properties of CXCR4 in K562 cell line expressing WT and WHIM-mutated variants.

Surface expression of CXCR4^{WT}, CXCR4^{R334X} and CXCR4^{L317fsX3} in K562 transient transfectants (A) tested for cell migration upon treatment with CXCL12 (B). Data are expressed as mean \pm SEM of 2 independent experiments. CXCR4^{WT}: black; CXCR4^{R334X}: red; CXCR4^{L317fsX3}: blue; untreated: gray **: $p < 0.005$, ***: $p < 0.0001$: WHIM-mutated variants to WT, ###: $p < 0.0001$: CXCL12 vs untreated.

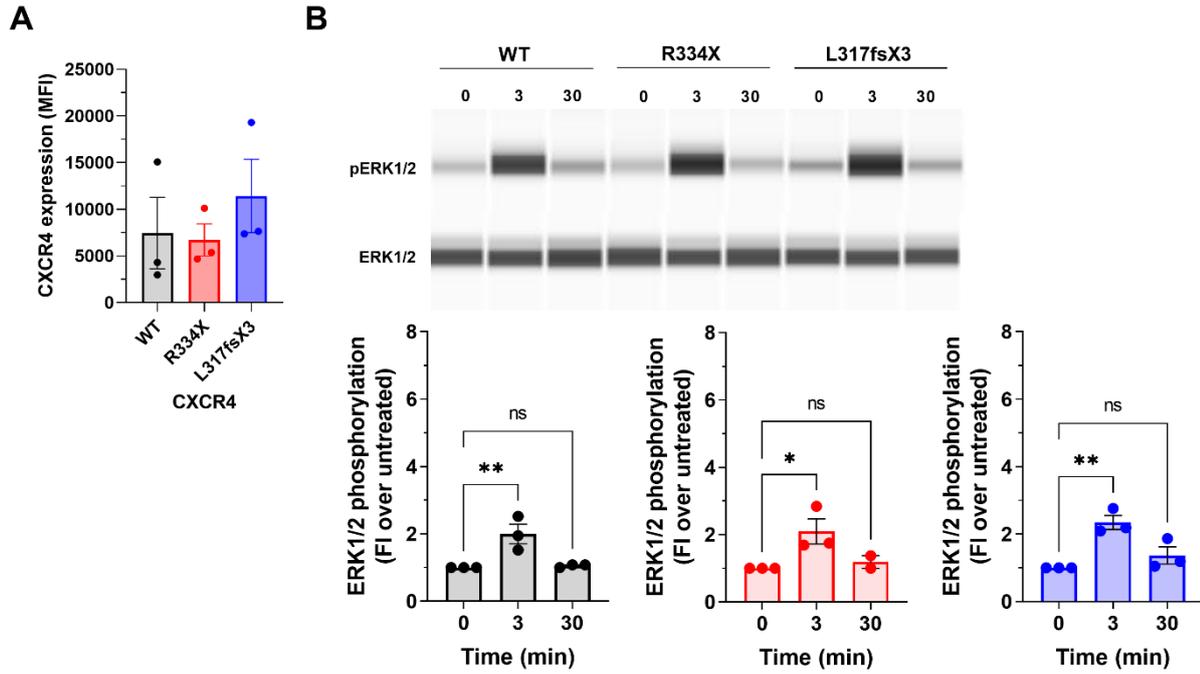


Figure S8. Signaling properties of CXCR4 in cell lines expressing WT and WHIM-mutated variants. Surface expression of CXCR4^{WT}, CXCR4^{R334X} and CXCR4^{L317fsX3} in HEK-293T transient transfectants (A) tested for pERK1/2 phosphorylation (B). Western blot analysis and quantification of ERK1/2 phosphorylation upon treatment with 100 nM CXCL12 for indicated time points. Data are shown as mean \pm SEM of 3 independent experiments. *: $p < 0.05$, **: $p < 0.001$. Healthy donor: black bars; CXCR4^{L317fsX3}WHIM patient: blue bars.

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Figure S4. CXCR4^{WT} signaling network, at T3 and T30, reconstructed from phosphoproteins measured in the phospho-proteins array. Node color code (from blue to red) correlates with fold change, while edge color code indicates Activation (Blue), Inhibition (red) and Docking (green).

Figure S5. CXCR4^{R334X} signaling network, at T3 and T30, reconstructed from phosphoproteins measured in the phospho-proteins array. Node color code (from blue to red) correlates with fold change, while edge color code indicates Activation (Blue), Inhibition (red) and Docking (green).

Figure S6. CXCR4^{L371fsX3} signaling network, at T3 and T30, reconstructed from phosphoproteins measured in the phospho-proteins array. Node color code (from blue to red) correlates with fold change, while edge color code indicates Activation (Blue), Inhibition (red) and Docking (green).

Figure S9. Functional and topological analysis of the CXCR4 signaling network reconstructed from phosphoproteins measured in the phospho-proteins array.

A) KEGG pathways enriched by considering the phosphoproteins measured in our work. KEGG pathway were retrieved by Functional Annotation Tool of DAVID database (background = Homo sapiens, count > 10, p < 0.001 and FDR<0.01). B) Violin plot reporting the average Betweenness in +CXCR4 and -CXCR4 random network models; the average Betweenness value in reference networks is shown, too. C) Interference values by comparing +CXCR4 and - CXCR4 networks (Interference= (+CXCR4_Betweenness) - (-CXCR4_Betweenness)).

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE AND TABLE LEGENDS

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Table S1. Full immunophenotype of CXCR4^{L317fsX3} WHIM patients.

Table S2. List of phosphoproteins considered in the phospho-proteins array.

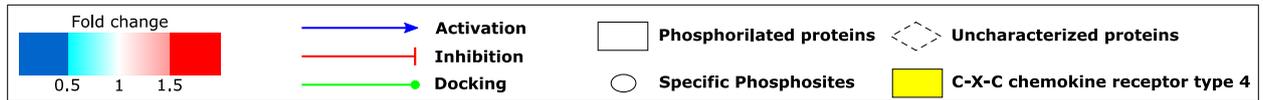
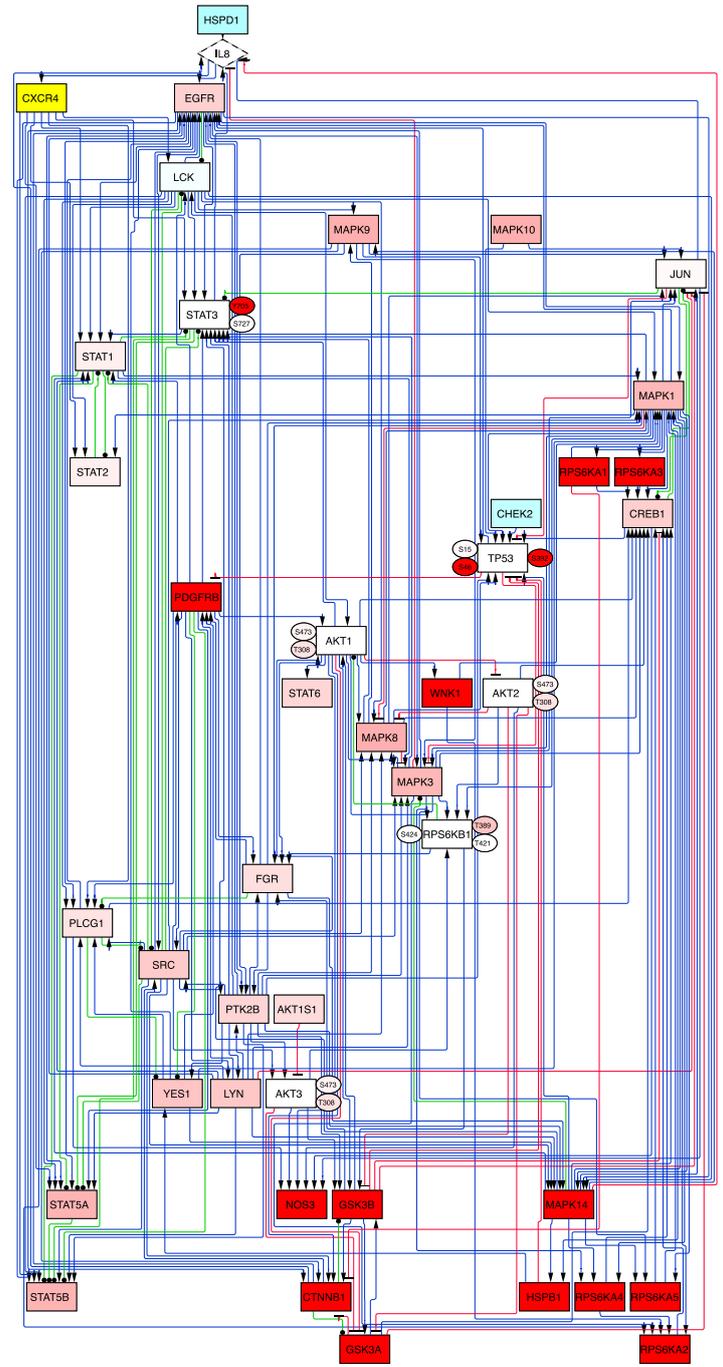
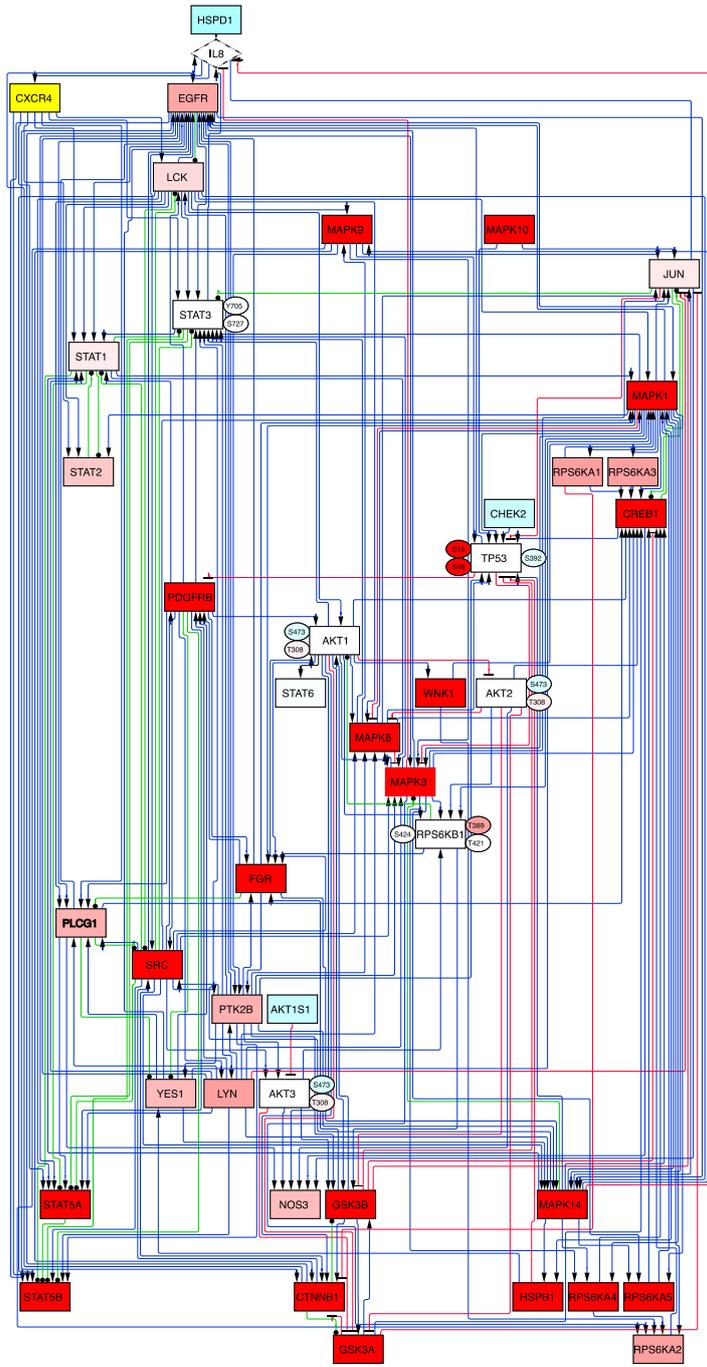
For each phosphoprotein the Original (commercial) name, the Official Gene Name and the fold change value in CXCR4^{WT} and the WHIM-mutated variants R334X and L317faX3, at T3 and T30, are shown.

Table S3. Topological analysis and centralities value in CXCR4 signaling network reconstructed from phosphoproteins measured in the phospho-proteins array.

Betweenness, Bridging, Centroid and Interference ((Interference= (+CXCR4_Betweenness) - (-CXCR4_Betweenness)) values are shown; specifically, centralities were calculated by considering the reconstructed signaling network with (+CXCR4) and without (-CXCR4) the presence of CXCR4.

PRIMERS' LIST

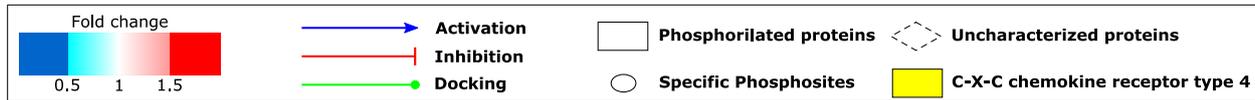
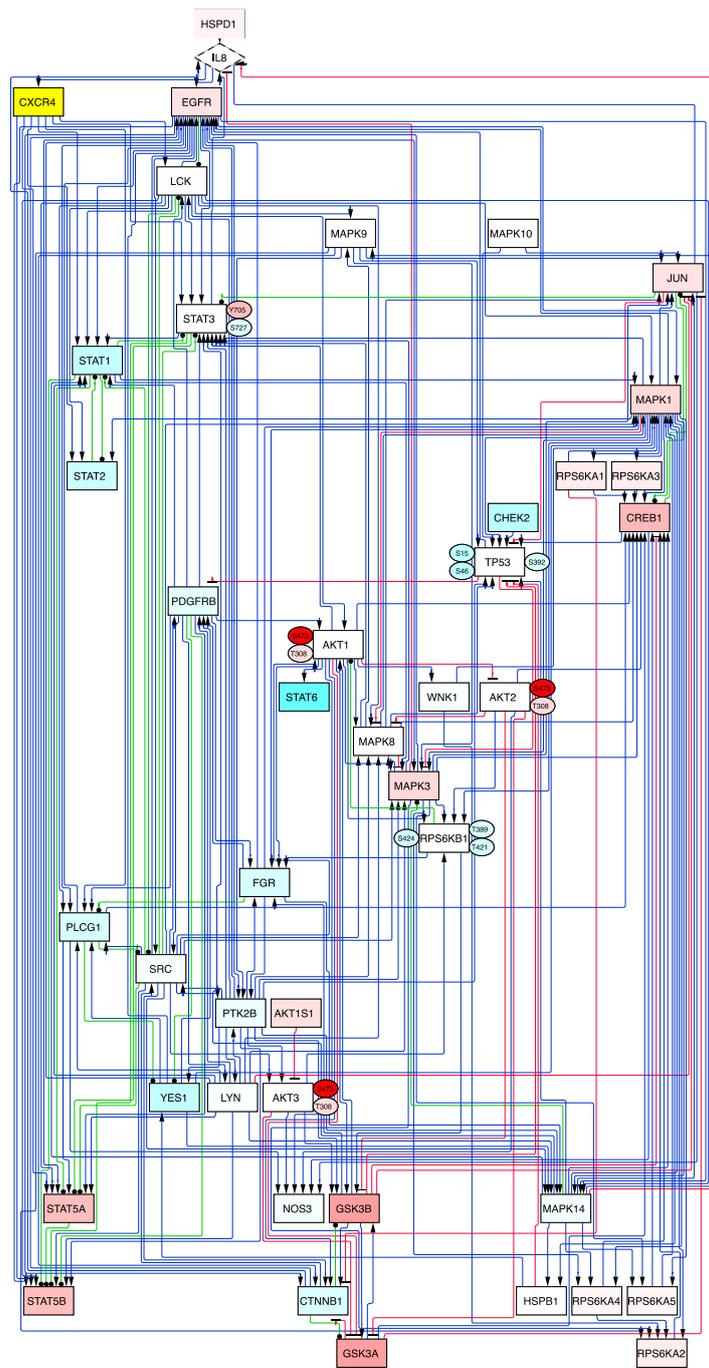
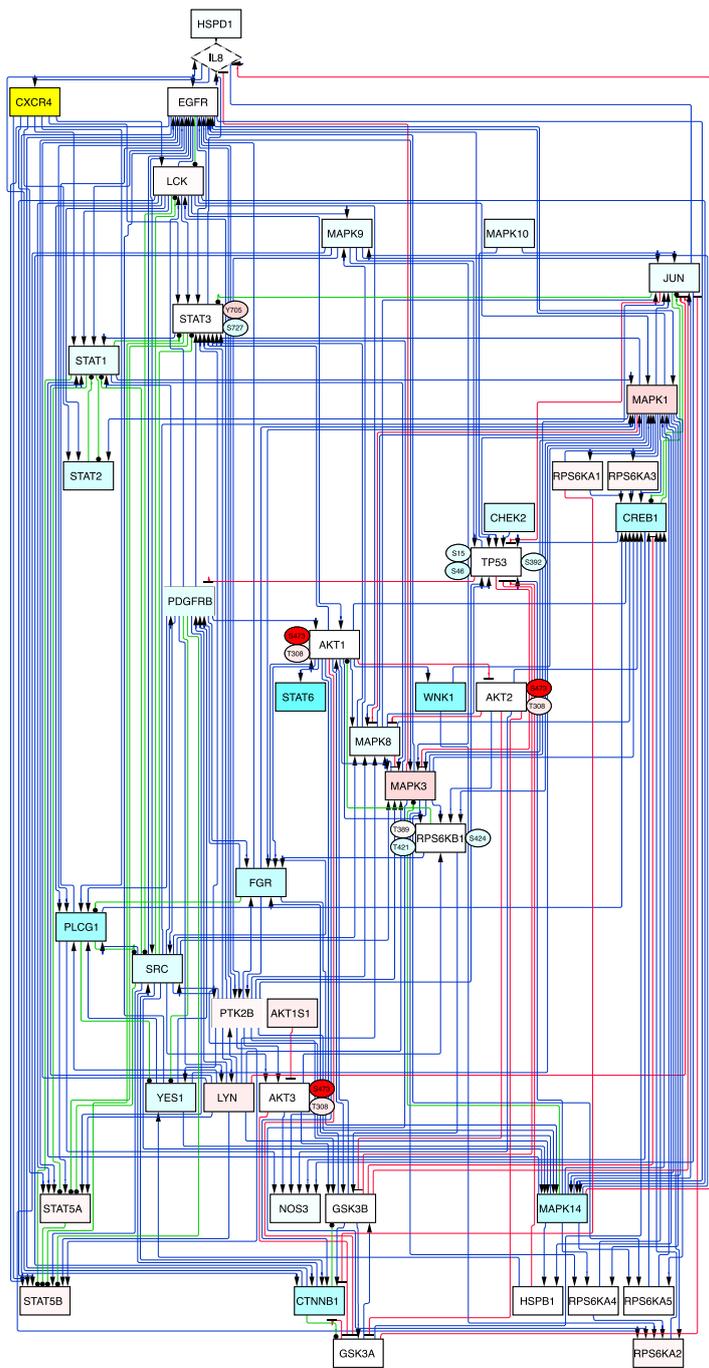
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EX 1 Rev	5'- ACT CCT TTC GGT GAC CCT TT -3'
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EX 2b Rev	5'- CTC ACT GAC GTT GGC AAA GA -3'
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EX 2c Rev	5'- CTC ACA CCC TTG CTT GAT -3'
EX 2d For	5'- GGA TCA GCA TCG ACT CCT TC -3'
EX 2d Rev	5'- AAA TCC AAC AAG CAA TAA AAA CTG -3'



R334X

T3

T30



L317fsX3

T3

T30

