

# SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

## Human Endotrophin as a Driver of Malignant Tumor Growth

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**Supplemental Figure 1.** Standard curves (**A**, **B**) show sensitivity and linear dose response to endotrophin concentrations. Comparison of a tissue stain (**C**, **D**) with antibody ETPmAb4 with and without antigen pre-adsorption to demonstrate specific antigen staining. **E-H**: Col6a3 expression in pre- and post-menopausal tumors, and different tumor subtypes. The data shown in Figure 1 (all patients) was subdivided into pre- (**E**) and post-menopausal breast cancer (**F**), or into estrogen receptor positive (**G**) and estrogen receptor negative subpopulations (**H**).

**Supplemental Figure 2.** (**A**) ZR-75-1 breast cancer cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells), n=3. (**B**) MCF-7 breast cancer cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells). n=3. (**C**) MDAMB-231 breast cancer cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells), n=3, were plated into 6-well plates and treated with endotrophin (0.1 ug/mL) three times (every other day). Total RNA was then extracted from each well. The EMT marker genes *Twist*, *Snail*, *Cdh2* and *Cdh1* were determined by qRT-PCR, then normalized to GAPDH. (**D**) MCF-7 cells (40,000 cells), n=4. (**E**) ZR-75-1 cells (40,000 cells), n=4. (**F**) MDAMB-453 cells (40,000 cells), n=4. (**G**) MDAMB-231 (40,000 cells), n=4, were plated into 24-well plates. When the cells reached 90% confluence, the monolayer was scratched with a 1 mL pipette tip to create 2 perpendicular straight lines across the center of the well. Cells were then treated with increasing concentrations of endotrophin (0.1 ug/mL). Images were obtained using a Nikon Cool Scope microscope (Nikon) after a 48 hr incubation. Migrating cell numbers were evaluated using ImageJ software. (**H**) MCF-7 cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells), n=4. (**I**) ZR-75-1 cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells), n=4. (**J**) MDAMB-453 cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells), n=4. (**K**) MDAMB-231 cells ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells), n=4, were plated in the top chamber of a trans-well plate. Endotrophin (0.1 ug/mL) was then added with or without

1% FBS in the lower chamber, then incubated for 16 hrs. Images were then obtained on a Nikon Cool Scope microscope (Nikon) after a 16 hr incubation. In all cases, data was represented as mean  $\pm$  SEM, and statistical significance ( $***p<0.0001$ ) was calculated using unpaired, two-tailed *t-test w/Holm-Sidak correction for multiple comparisons*.

**Supplemental Figure 3. Screening for rabbit monoclonal antibodies.** MCF-7 breast cancer cells (20,000 cells) were plated into a 96-well plate. Cells were then treated with 10  $\mu$ m of cisplatin and 100 ng/mL of endotrophin. All 132 neutralized endotrophin antibodies were screened. Cell survival was measured using a CellTiter One Solution Cell Proliferation Assay.

**Supplemental Figure 4.** SC macrophage cells (50,000 cells) were seeded at the top of a chamber. Then 100 ng/mL of endotrophin was added with 1% FBS in the bottom chamber. Next, 10 ug/mL of anti-ETP antibodies (#1, #2, #4, #6, #10, #11 and #72) were added to the bottom chamber, and incubated for 2 hr. Migrated cells were counted after 2 hr. Data was represented as mean  $\pm$  SEM,  $n=4$  and statistical significance ( $***P<0.0001$ ) was calculated using unpaired, two-tailed *t-test w/Holm-Sidak correction for multiple comparisons*.

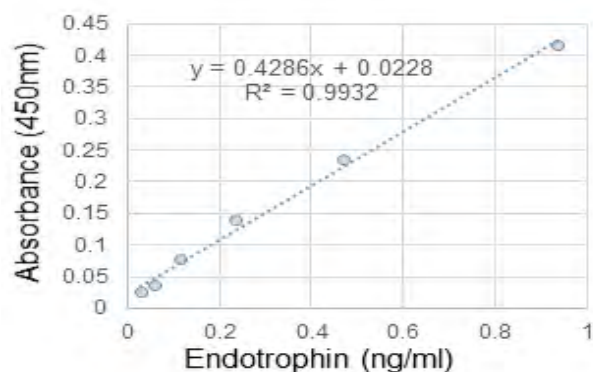
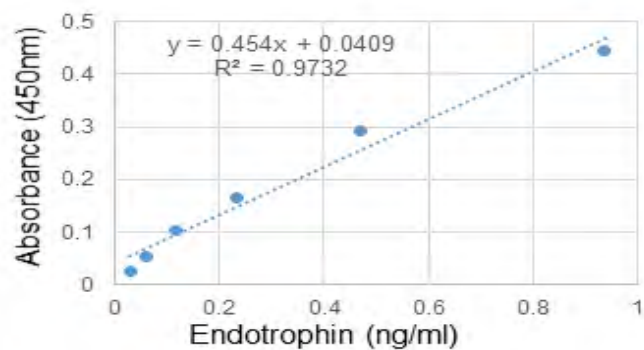
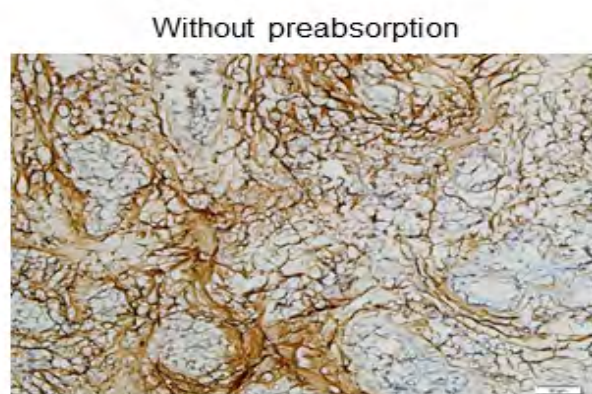
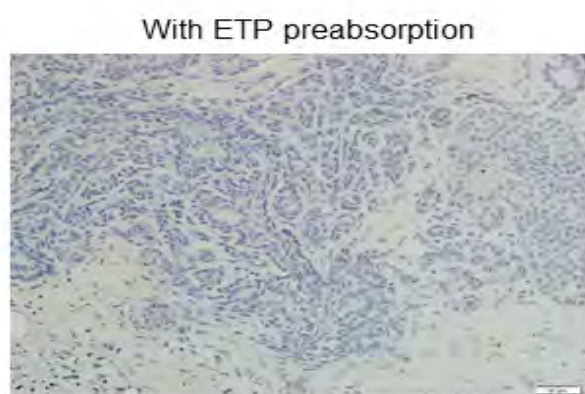
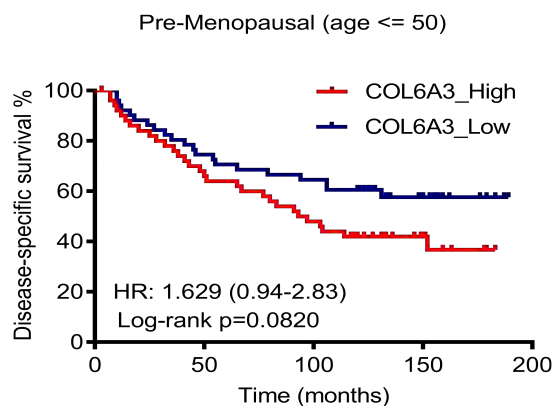
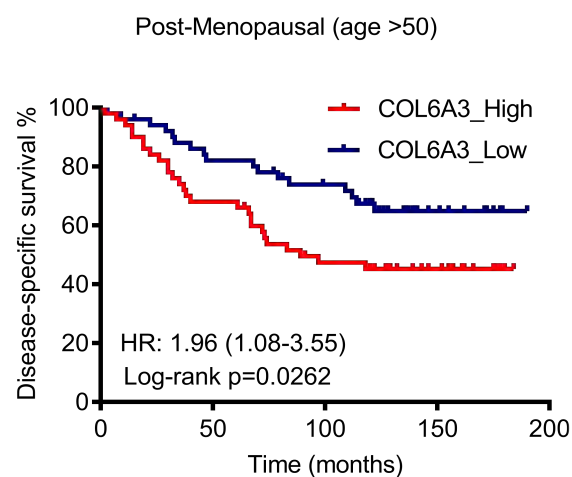
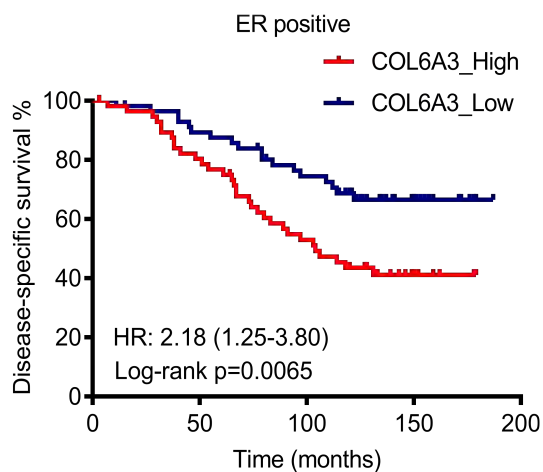
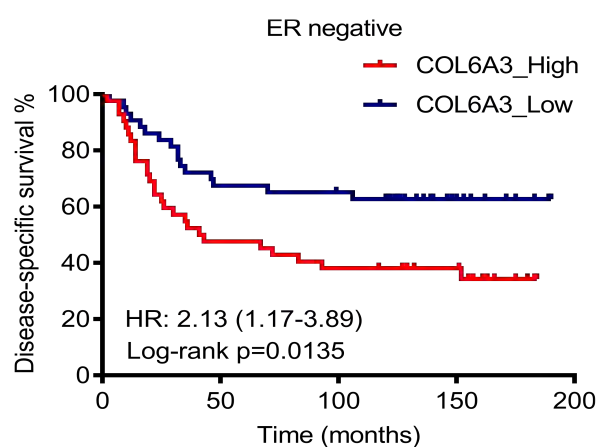
**Supplemental Figure 5. (A)** H&E staining and endomucin immunofluorescence staining from CTRL Ab and #4 Ab-treated ETP transfected MCF-7 tumors. Scale bars: 50 $\mu$ m. **(B)** Mac2 immunofluorescence staining for tumor tissues from CTRL Ab and #4 Ab-treatment ETP transfected MCF-7 tumors. Scale bars: 50 $\mu$ m. **(C)** E-CAD immunofluorescence

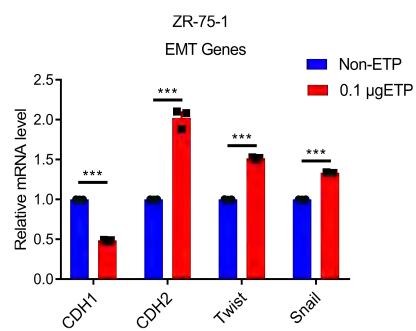
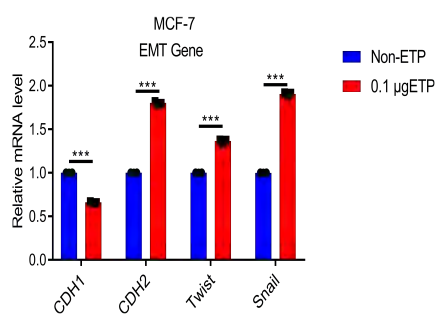
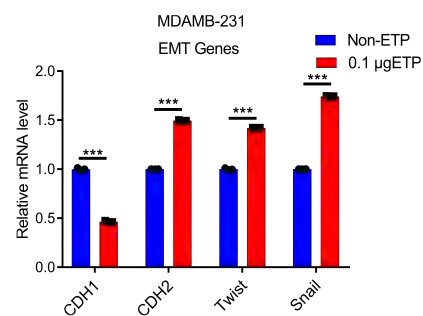
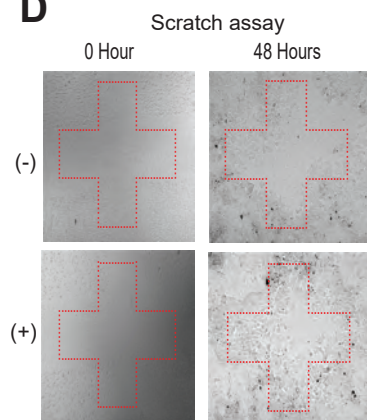
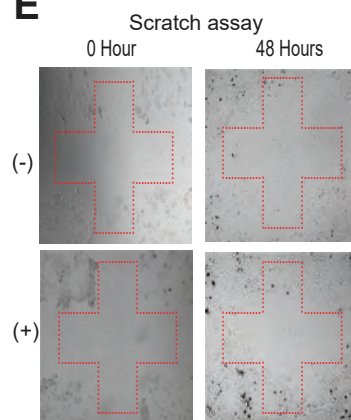
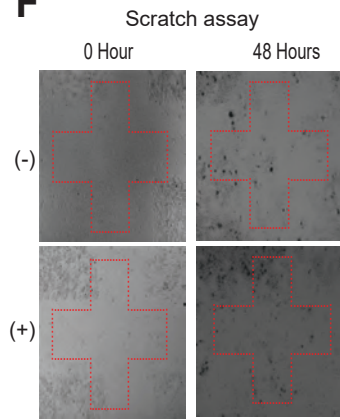
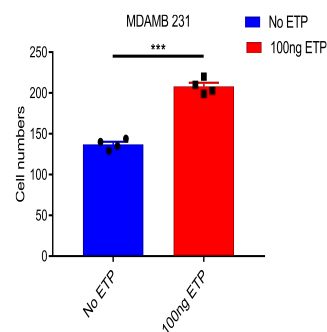
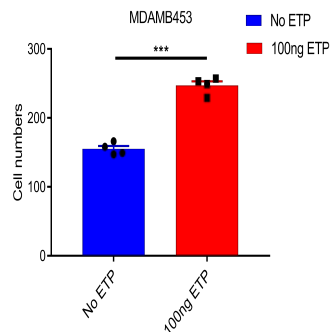
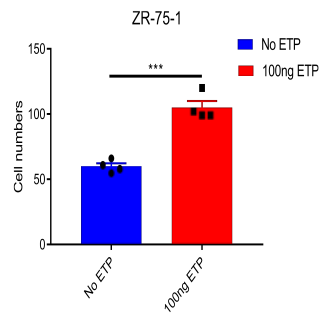
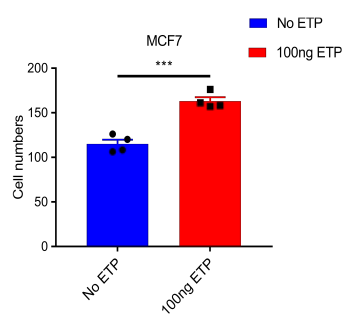
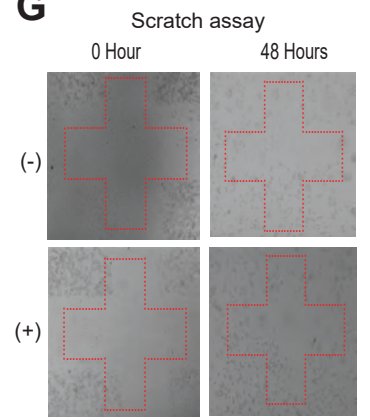
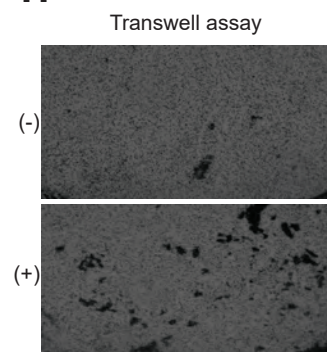
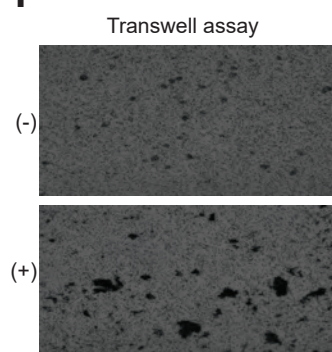
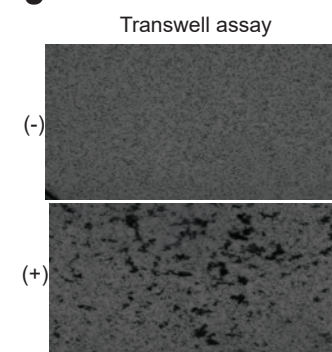
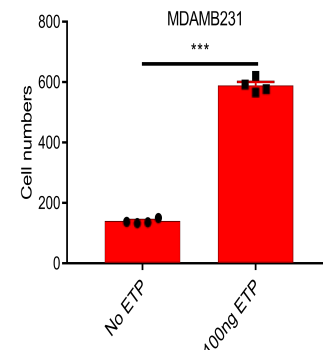
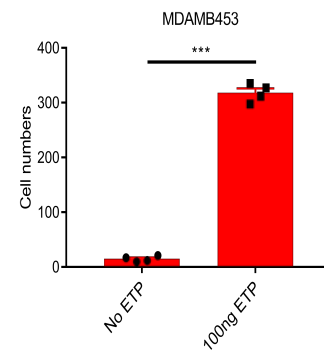
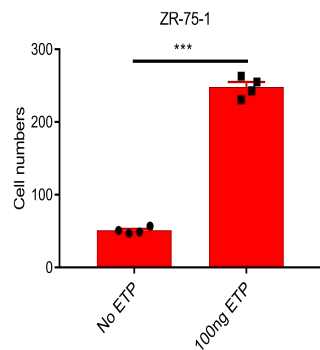
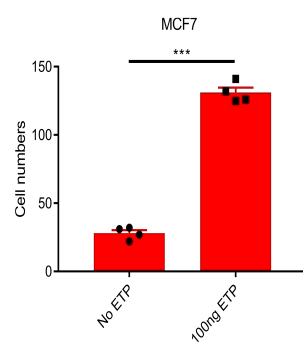
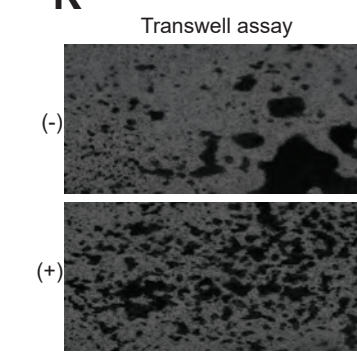
staining for tumor tissues from CTRL Ab and #4 Ab-treatment ETP transfected MCF-7 tumors. The last panel for each marker reflects a stain with DAPI. Scale bars: 50µm.

**Supplemental Figure 6. (A)** H&E staining and endomucin immunofluorescence staining from CTRL Ab and #4 Ab-treatment MDAMB-231 tumors. Scale bars: 50µm. **(B)** Mac2 immunofluorescence staining for tumor tissues from CTRL Ab and #4 Ab treatment MDAMB-231 tumors. Scale bars: 50µm. **(C)** E-CAD immunofluorescence staining for tumor tissues from CTRL Ab and #4 Ab-treatment MDAMB-231 tumors. The last panel for each marker reflects a stain with DAPI. Scale bars: 50µm.

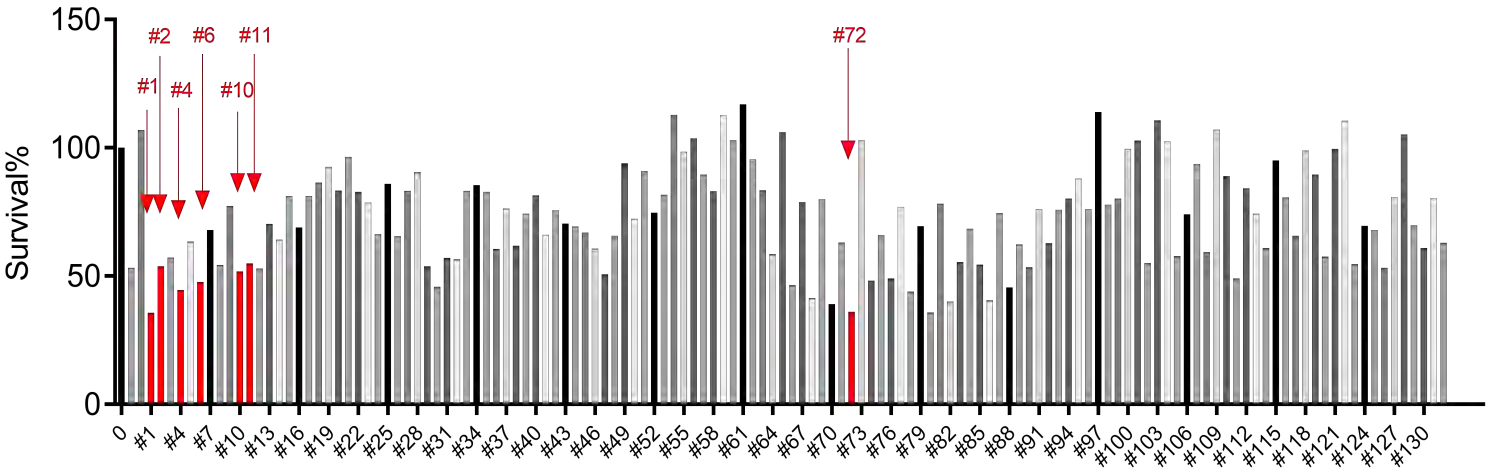
**Supplemental Figure 7.** Kinetics of the rabbit parental antibody ENTmAb4 (left) and the humanized version hENTmAb4 (right) were assessed using an Octet RED96.



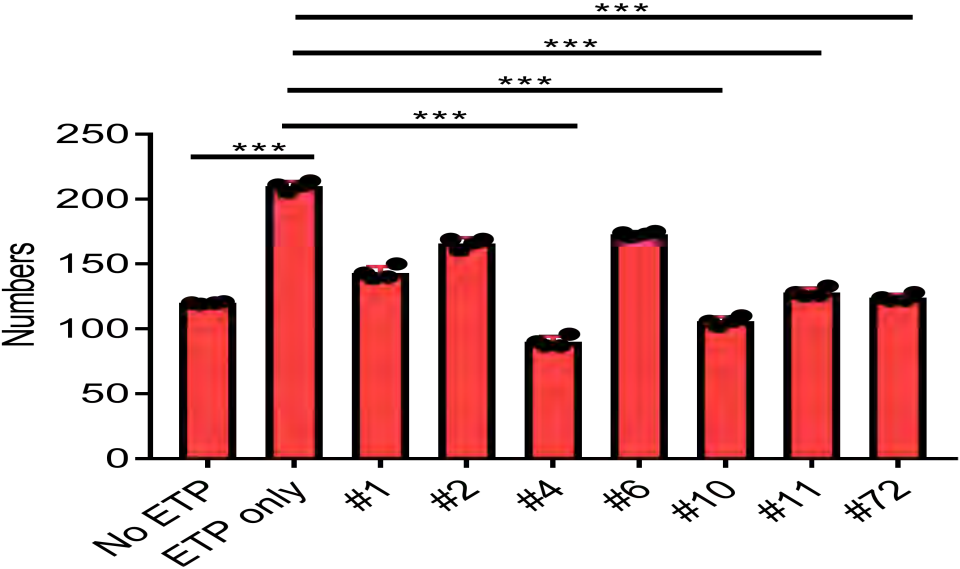
**A****B****C****D****E****F****G****H**

**A****B****C****D****E****F****G****H****I****J****K**

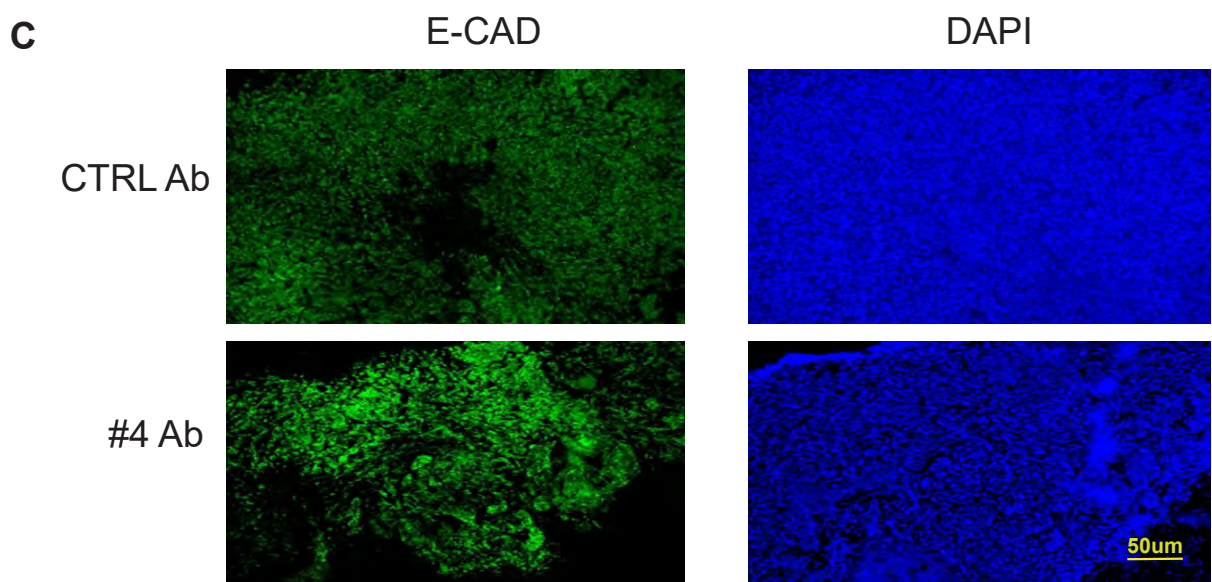
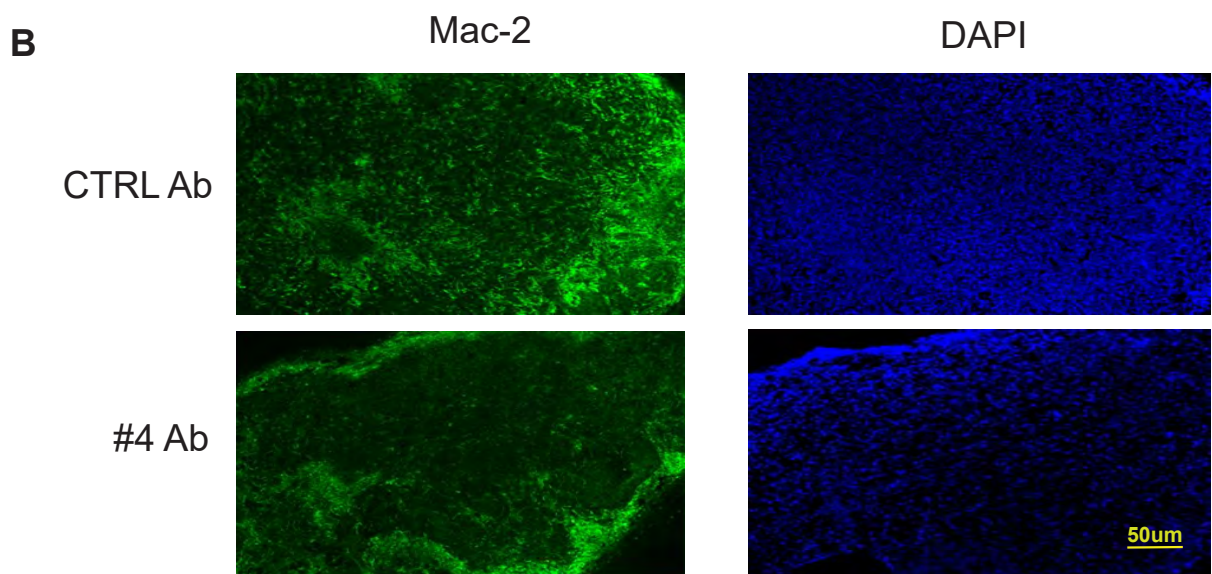
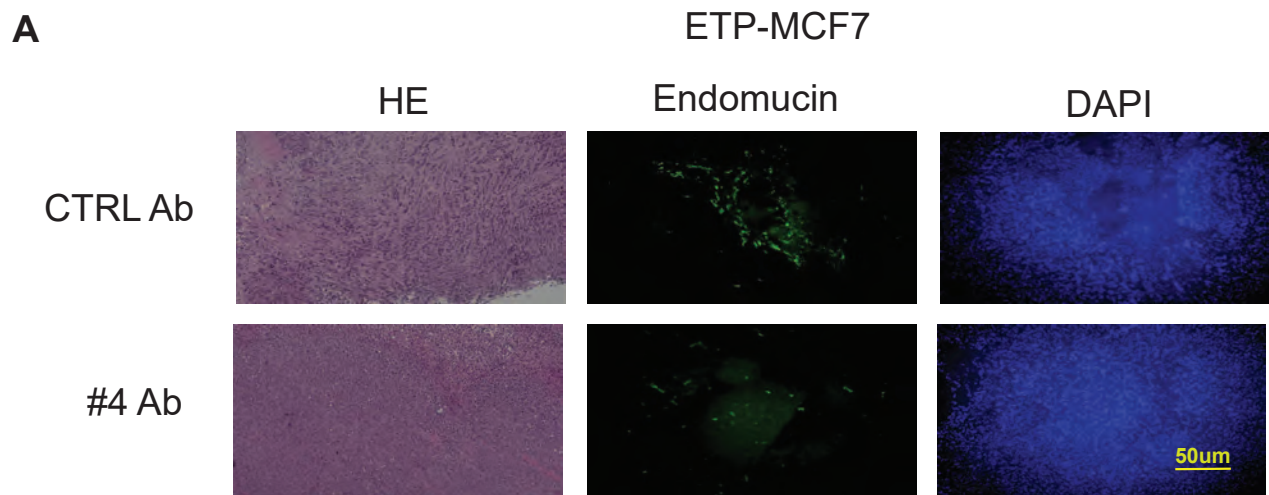
MTS assay screening ETP antibody



Transwell assay

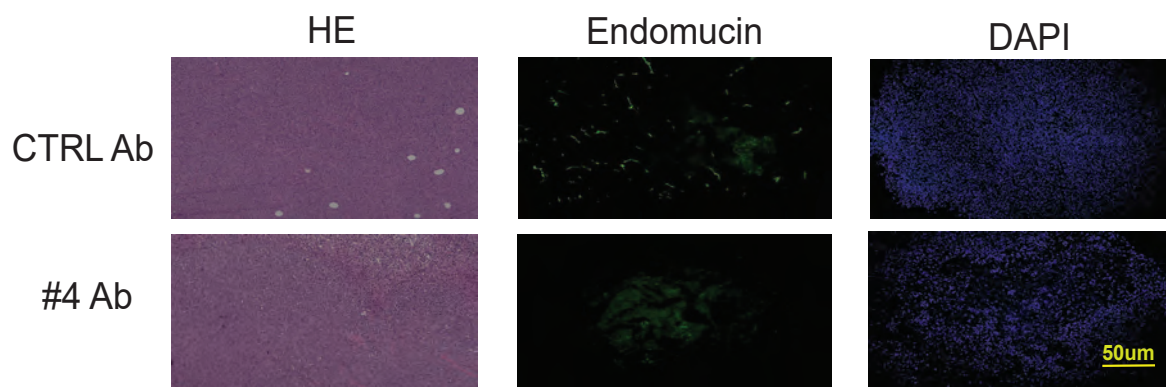
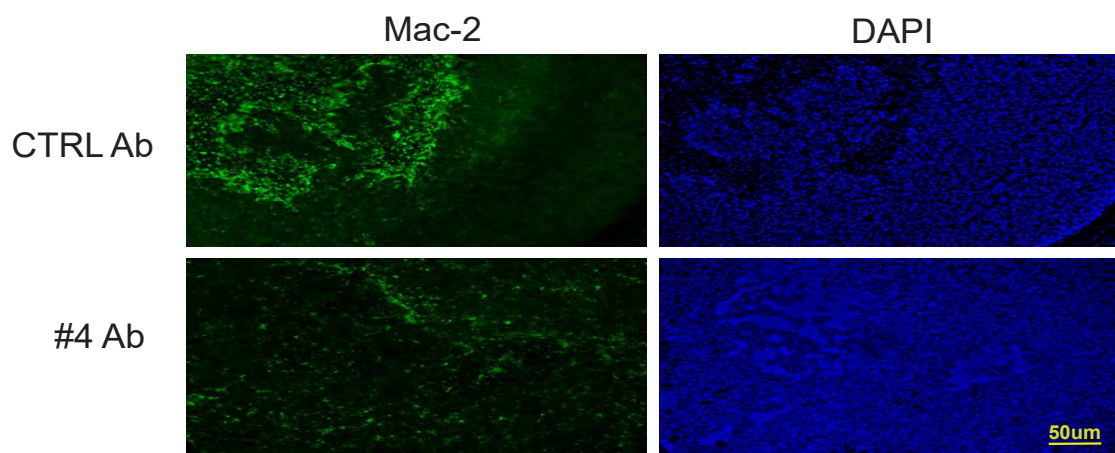
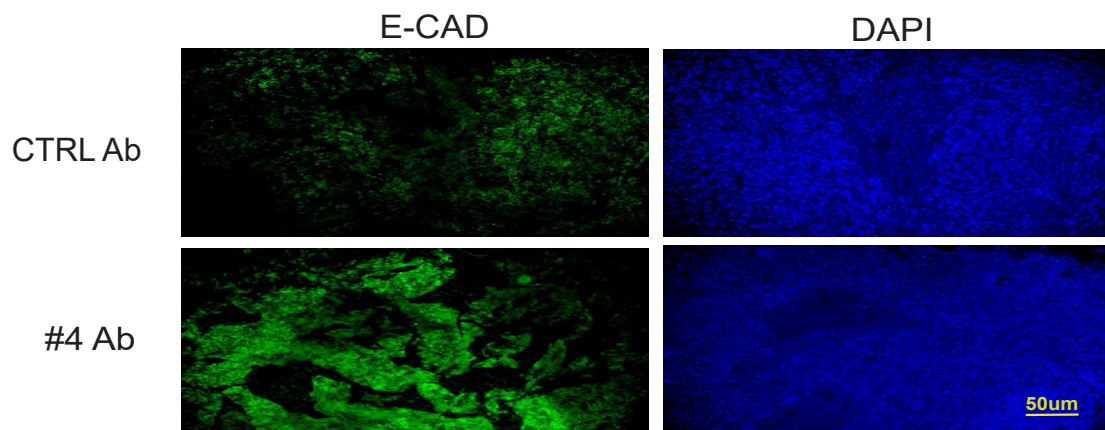


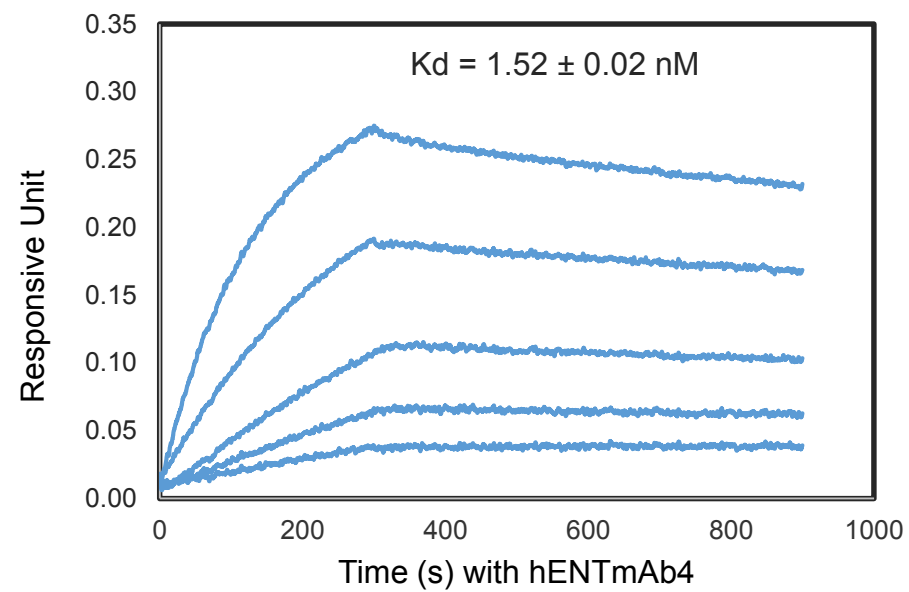
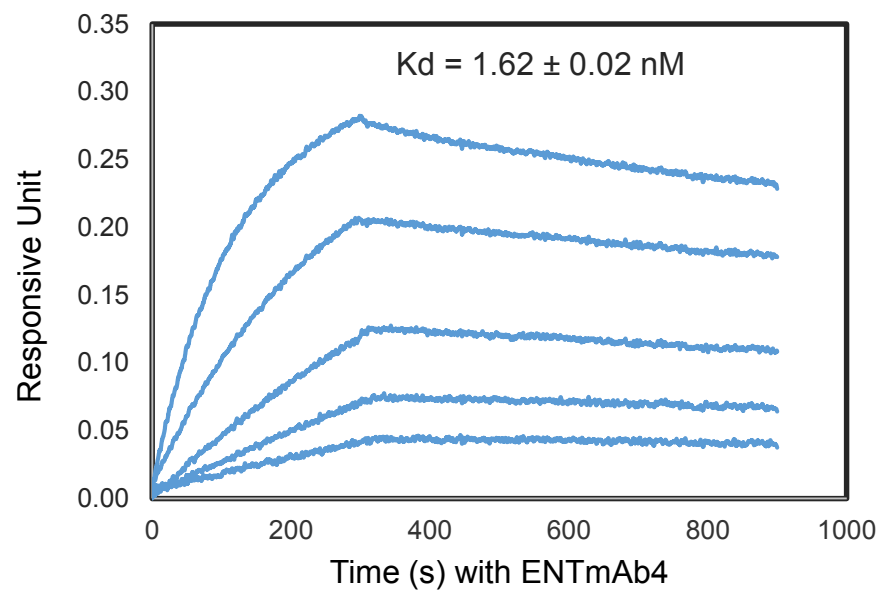




**A**

MDAMB-231

**B****C**



Antibody	KD (M)	KD Error	kon(1/Ms)	kdis(1/s)	Full X <sup>2</sup>	Full R <sup>2</sup>
ENTmAb4	1.62E-09	1.70E-11	1.65E+05	2.67E-04	0.0654	0.9978
hENTmAb4	1.52E-09	1.51E-11	1.51E+05	2.30E-04	0.0414	0.9985